#### **U.N. chief meets GCC ministers**

NICOSIA (R) — U.N. Secretary-Goneral Javier Perez de Cuellar Saturday met the head of the Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) as well as Gulf ministers holding talks on regional security in eddah. Mr. Perez de Cuellar arrived in the Sandi Red Sea port Friday from Iran and held talks with King Fahd. No details of their talks have been disclosed. On Saturday, the OIC said the group's scoretary general, Hamed Al Gabed, discussed with the U.N. chief relations between the two organisations and the latest regional and international developments. An OIC statement sent to Reuters quoted Mr. Gabed as reiterating his support for Mr. Perez de Cuellar's efforts to settle the Afghan problem. He said the OIC, which represents the world's Muslims, was ready to play a more active role in the search for a political solution in Afghanistan. The U.N. chief is expected to urge the Saudis to halt arms supplies to the Afghan guerrillas. The Kuwaiti News Agency (KUNA), monitored in Cyprus, said Mr. Perez de Cuellar also beld talks with the foreign sters of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC).



#### Yemen to issue new currency

SANAA (R) - Yemen, united after 300 years of separation 16 months ago, will soon issue a new currency, banking sources in Sanas said Saturday. The sources gave no date but said new riyal bills were being printed in Britain to replace the rivals of what used to be North Yemen and dinars of the former South. Both are still legal tender. One dollar at the present official rates is equivalent to 12 rivals and 0.4613 dinars. The sources did not know what the new rate would be. The Marxist South and conservative North merged in May 1990 to form the Arabian Peninsula's most populated country. On Saturday, Yemeni Prime Minister Haider Abu Baker Al Attas received the head of the International Monetary Fund's Middle East department, Abdul Shakour Shamlan, who is currently visiting Yemen. Radio Sanaa said the two officials discussed the country's needs and its relations with the IMF. It gave no details. Iraq's finance minister, Majeed Abed Jaafar, also arrived in the Yemeni capital to discuss bilateral cooperation with his counterpart Elwi Seleh Al Salami, the official Yemeni news agency Saba reported.

Volume 16 Number 4802

AMMAN SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1991, RABIE' AL AWAL 6, 1412

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

"I'm going to stand for what I

believe here. And I believe the

American people will be with me

if we put it on this question of

principle," he said. In an interview on NBC's "To-

day" television show on Friday,

Israeli Defence Minister Moshe

Arens said he did not think the

U.S.-Israel relationship would be

damaged but voiced concern that

the Arab World might see the

issue as a bargaining chip at a

"That I don't think would be

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir

said Friday that the issue was a

matter between Congress and the

internal, between congressmen

who support and who express

understanding of the needs of

Israel, and the administration,"

Mr. Shamir told reporters upon

His remarks made a showdown

between Israel and its powerful

lobby in Washington on one side,

and the Bush administration on

the other, appear almost inevit-

his return from France.

"At this moment the struggle is

U.S. administration.

Middle East peace conference.

helpful to the peace process," he

#### Private bank approved in Iraq

iBi

illing

Office Cie

confession to the confession of the confession o

38jg/

Harappier

NC3 Large

theat is

n alne for

A D D CORD OF

Control les

े का कि

t= 5300 dz

help ache

te that we

L E

eu baren

0. mag

4: Weeth

nigh

(0-)22**-06** 

COME, DE

ंट अट्टार्ज क्रि

of Septem-

i ne k

of elder

ener sti

d state t

the area

35K 255

श स्था ह

:: 325 SI

× 7517

gre ferf

26. profes

2 53264

:22 is **ಚಿತ್ರ** 

pretoces.

gems

h- Bull

tiel. Z

unbe 🕏

3 4.75

(o. 122 S

(2302 **9**5

177 2 200

7 YE 2

10 the 05

01 53k. II

. ili 35

pokessa

المنا العمر

CHAP TOWN

120

A VANCE

17. 1

THE

BAGHDAD (R) - Approval has been given for Iraq's first private bank for 27 years; the Iraqi Chamber of Commerce said. It said that the Dijlah (Tigris) Bank would have an operating capital of 100 million dinars \$310 million at the official rate of exchange. A preparatory committee which has been examining the proposed bank's operating ability since Tuesday said its creation would enhance investment in Iraq. The Revolution Command Council issued a law allowing private commercial Council issued a law in July banks to open. All banks were nationalised in 1964. Iraq's banking system at present consists of the central bank, the sole bank of monetary issue, and two state-run banks, the Rashid and the Rafi-

#### Tunisia holds bye-elections Oct. 13

TUNIS (R) — Officials said Saturday bye-elections would be held on Oct. 13 to fill nine vacant seats in parliament. President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali said last week he would allow only opposition parties to field candidates for the seats. The ruling party, the Democratic Constitutional Assembly (RCD), has always had a monopoly in the 141-seat chamber of deputies. The Socialist Democrats Movement (MDS), the main opposition party, has

nistrative conditions for credible elections," had not been fulfilled. The government has not yet responded to the MDS decision. Five smaller opposition parties were due to announce their decisions over the weekend. The byeelections will be held in two Tunis constituencies and in Sousse, Jendouba, Le Kef, Tatouine, Monstir and Nabeni.

### agreement to halt Afghan arms supply

THE HAGUE (AP) — The European Community (EC) — on Saturday praised the United States and the Soviet Union for agreeing to cut off arms supplies to war-torn Afghanistan. The EC said in a statement it believes the move will help bring an end to the 13-year Afghan civil war, clearing the way for "elections and for a lasting political settlement." The EC's one-sentence reaction to the U.S.-Soviet announcement. made Friday in Moscow by U.S. Secretary of State James Baker and Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin, was issued on behalf of the EC by the Dutch Foreign Ministry. The Netherlands currently holds the rotating EC presidency. In their joint declaration, Mr. Baker and Mr. Pankin urged other nations to halt arms shipments to Afghanistan, but a Dutch Foreign Ministry spokesman could not estimate the extent of EC nations" arms trade with the country.

### killed in two weeks

MOSCOW (AP) - Moscow police are considering going on strike after four police officers were killed in the line of duty in the past two weeks, the main Moscow daily reported Saturday. The growth of uncontrolled prisiness, the formation of Mafia-like bands and massive corruption have led to a sharp rise in Moscow's crime over the past two years. Many Muscovites now fear to venture out after dark. At the same time, political disputes have left Moscow's police force effectively without a chief for months. The daily Moskovskaya Pravda revealed that four police officers had died on Moscow streets in the past fortnight. It blamed the underworld for all four deaths. The most recent killing occurred last week when M. Pravdyuk was found shot in the chest by a colleague going home in the early hours of Wednesday. An ambulance took an hour to reach the wounded officer, who died at a hospital three hours later. A 37-year-old. member of a private cooperative was charged with killing Lieutenant Praydynk with a bullet from 5 homemade, small-caliber vistol.

## **Baathist Party** replaces Hammadi with Zubaidi

BAGHDAD (Agencies) tired Prime Minister Saadoun Hammadi, the highest-ranking Shiite Muslim in the cabinet, and replaced him with a deputy, Iraqi media reported Saturday.

The party's 10th regional conference also removed Dr. Hammadi from the Revolution Command Council (RCC), the body through which President Saddam Hussein rules Iraq, and reelected President Saddam as the Baath Command's secretary-general, the Iraqi News Agency (INA)

The steps Friday night seemed to indicate a conflict within the Iraqi leadership, but also made clear that President Saddam remained in charge.

The official agency quoted Iraqi Television as saying at dawn Saturday that President Saddam presided over a meeting of the party's new command.

President Saddam signed the decree removing Dr. Hammadi after the premier's removal by the Baath conference, INA said. Dr. Hammadi was appointed six months ago as both Shiites and Kurds were rebelling just after the Gulf war. At the time,

be released within 24 hours and a

Sheikh Ahmad Taleb, who suc-

ceeded Hizbollah (Party of God)

cleric Sheikh Abdul Karim Obeid

as spiritual leader of Jibsheet

following Sheikh Obeid's kidnap-

ping by Israel in 1989, told Reu-

ters the hostage would be a Bri-

tention of Sheikh Obeid) a

(Western) hostage will be re-

leased very soon so there won't

be any pretext for the others

(Israel) to freeze the solution for

this crisis," he added, saying the hostage would be freed within 24

Two Britons are among up to

10 Westerners held hostage in Lebanon. They are Terry Waite,

the Church of England envoy

who was kidnapped in January

1989, and former World War II

fighter pilot Jack Mann, who was

The pro-Iranian Revolutionary

Justice Organisation (RJO) said

Thursday it held Mr. Mann, 77,

and issued a photograph of him to

seized in May, 1989.

criminal case.

dited Communist Party.

support their emerging democra-

Tension continued to run high

on the Soviet Union's southern

rim in the republics of Georgia

In a letter to Pravda, Olga

Ulyanova sharply criticised a

proposal by liberals to move the

embalmed body of Lenin, who

died in 1924, from its Red Square

mansoleum and bury him in St.

Petersburg alongside his mother.

wrote. "A decision about moving

"The grave...would become a

and Azerbaijan.

"Despite (the continuing de-

Iraq's ruling Baath Party has re- the holy city of Karbala was seen as an attempt to mollify the

educated economist who is known as an advocate of political reform. He pressed for an end to Iraq's cight-year war with Iran long before the conflict was stopped in 1988.

The news agency said Dr. Hammadi was replaced by Deputy Premier Mohammad Hamza Zubaidi. It said that Hassan Ali Nassar also was removed as a member of the Revolution Command Council.

The new command council has 16 members in addition to President Saddam, INA said. The deputy secretary-general is Izzat Ibrahim, it said.

Among the members are Deputy Prime Minster Tareq Aziz, who became well known during the Gulf war, and Ali Hassan Al Majid, a consin of President Sad-

INA said that a new political statement from the Baath Party regional conference will be issued in the next few days, along with a speech that President Saddam

freed today; American to follow

Sunnie Mann returned to

Muslim fundamentalist source Beirut Friday from London in kidnappers received guarantees said an American may follow him hopes her husband would be the from Israel that Sheikh Obeid

solved was that Israel should agree to release Sheikh Obeid

otherwise Israel will be re-

sponsible for blocking a solution

the 51 Arabs Wednesday, he said: "The initiative by Israel to

release the prisoners was incom-

plete... it was expected that the

Israeli mitiative would (have)

come by releasing Sheikh Obeid. Sheikh Obeid is the most prominent of hundreds of Arab

prisoners held by Israel and the Israeli-backed South Lebanon

The kidnappers, who freed Bri-

ton John McCarthy and Amer-

ican Edward Tracy a month ago, say Sheikh Obeid should be

among the first prisoners to be

But Israel wants to keep him to

ensure the return of six Israeli

servicemen missing in Lebanon

Investigators question Gorbachev;

Referring to Israel's release of

next to be freed.

to this issue."

Army (SLA).

British hostage expected to be

JIBSHEET, Lebanon (Ageacies) — authenticate a statement welcom-— A pro-Iranian cleric said Saturday a British hostage would Wednesday.



Dr. Hammadi's dismissal was due to lack of support in the Baath Party elections, television

"In the light of the results of the elections endorsed by the 10th regional congress of the Arab Socialist Baath Party, ...the RCC decided the following: RCC member Dr. Saadoun Hammadi shall be relieved of his mem-bership of the council," Iraqi radio said.

The Baath Party was the only political group allowed to operate in Iraq until the RCC this month approved legislation permitting

A Muslim fundamentalist

leased soon if the pro-Iranian

would be among the next batch of

"There could be a release of an

"If an American comes out this

American hostage as well as the

British," said the source, who

means the talks about Obeid

would be solved and he would

come out with the next group,

he said. "Israel would have

guaranteed Obeid would be in

Five Americans are held hos-

tage in Lebanon including Terry

Anderson, kidnapped in March

1985 and the longest-held cap-

Nabih Berri, leader of the

Shiite Muslim Amal militia, said

a Westerner held in Lebanon

would soon be freed and the

Middle East hostage crisis would

be over within two to three

Asked if he expected the next

move from Israel with another

(Continued on page 3)

declined to be identified.

the next group."

ing Israel's release of 51 prisoners

Source close to the problem said an American could also be re-

Sheikh Taleb said a condition prisoners freed by the Jewish for the hostage crisis being restate.

### Mideast peace conference is 'within grasp' — Djerejian WASHINGTON (USIS) — Presinto a debate on this issue could the amount of hard work that has

ident Bush should be supported peace'Ym the Middle East, Edward Djerejian, the president's choice tobe the next assistant secretary of state for Near Eastern and South Asian affairs, told the U.S. Senate Friday.

WASHINGTON (R) — Presi-

dent George Bush's public cam-paign to hold up \$10 billion in

loan guarantees to Israel has

gained a powerful supporter with Senator Robert Byrd urging the Senate to heed the president's

The West Virginia senator,

chairman of the Appropriations

Committee, which controls all spending bills, said in a Senate speech Friday. "Let's give the president a chance on this one.

Let's give him, at least, the be-

month delay in congressional ac-tion on U.S. government guaran-tees of loans that Israel is seeking

to help it accommodate a huge

In doing so, Mr. Bush has

taken on the powerful pro-Israeli

lobby, which on Thursday coor-

dinated 1,200-strong grassroots campaign by Jewish groups to

persuade members of Congress to

Mr. Byrd, the Senate's most

senior Democrat, echoing words

used by Mr. Bush in a Thursday

news conference, said the Sen-

ate's chief concern was to take

action that would harm the pros-

Mr. Bush has called for a four-

request for delay.

nefit of the doubt."

influx of Soviet Jews.

support the guarantees.

Testifying at his confirmation hearing before the Senate Fore-Djerejian said the president's request to defer consideration of Israel's request of a \$10,000 miltion housing loan guarantee for 120 days "is about peace between

Israel and its Arab neighbours." "The prospects of launching a peace conference are within our grasp and should not be missed," he said. "The president feels very

strongly about this issue." "It is the president's view, and that of his advisors, that to enter

threaten the peace process," Mr. gone into the U.S. peace effort. Djerejian said. In a prepared statement to the

Bush gets powerful supporter in

row over Israel loan guarantee

pects for an Arab-Israeli peace

Referring to the U.S. role in

the Gulf war, Mr. Byrd said:

"Those who seem anxious to

throw a peace conference into

confusion and risk its fragile pros-

pects ought to remember the

commitments we have just fulfil-

led to Israel, to stability and

peace in the region."

Mr. Byrd said he did not be-

lieve that 120 days was an un-

reasonable period to wait to allow

the peace process to go forward.

Mr. Bush and the pro-Israeli lob-

by has raised fears among Israel's

supporters in Congress of damage

to U.S. ties with the Jewish state.

They are seeking a compromise.

stem from his deep opposition to

Israel's aggressive policy of set-

tling Jews in the occupied West

Bank, which could eventually

make it impossible for Israel to

concede any territory as part of a

political forces but I owe it to the

American people to tell them

how strongly I feel about defer-

ral," Mr. Bush told reporters

"I'm up against some powerful

neace settlement.

Mr. Bush's stance is said to

The confrontation between

committee, Mr. Diereijan stressed that the U.S. commitment to Israel's security "is unwavering." He added, "We are equally resolved to work for a comprehensive and durable peace settlement between Israel and its Arab

"A peace conference which will bring all the parties to the table for the first time is at hand," he said. "We are working on a timetable to put together a peace conference as quickly as possi-

mat who for the past three years

Sept. 12 press conference, noted

Mr. Djerejian, a career diplo-

served as ambassador to Syria, said that the president, in his

"I can witness personally to the extensive work that Secretary of

State James Baker did in Damascus in order to get Syria to the peace conference table and open up the prospect of direct negotiations between Syria and Israel," he said. Mr. Djerejian said he was directly involved in those talks between President Bush and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad.

"The negotiations were extensive, they were very difficult," he recounted. One meeting between Mr. Baker, President Assad and the Syrian foreign minister lasted nine hours and 45 minutes, he said, adding that the progress made in those talks laid the foundation for the upcoming

(Continued on page 5)

### Nepalese soldier killed in S. Lebanon

TYRE, Lebanon, (Agencies) Unidentified gunmen killed a Nepalese soldier with U.N. peacekeeping forces in South Lebanon Saturday, one day after a Swedish soldier was killed by Israeli-backed militiamen.

The gunmen also wounded one Nepalese soldier when they opened fire on a U.N. patrol which challenged them just west of the village of Yater, a U.N.

"The Nepalese soldiers returned fire and one gunman was killed," added Timur Goksel, spokesman for the United Na-tions Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL).

UNIFIL has recently increased its presence and patrols in the Yater area, one kilometre north of Israel's self-declared "security several violent incidents, he said. Israel Radio said the gnerrilla squad was on its way to launch a Katyusha rocket into Israel, but Mr. Goksel denied the report. "There was a report of an

explosion, but it was probably from a RPG (rocket propelled grenade)," he said, adding that no Katyushas were found. The killing of the Nepalese

soldier brought the UNIFIL death toll in Lebanon to 182 since the nine-nation peacekeeping force was set up in 1978 after an Israeli incursion into the south.

A Swedish soldier was killed and five peacekeepers were wounded Friday when the Israelibacked South Lebanon Army (SLA) fired on guerrillas holding 12 UNIFIL soldiers hostage.

them ashore near UNIFIL headquarters in the southern Lebanese village of Nagoura.

Mr. Goksel said the SLA ignored requests not to attack during negotiations to free the hostages. The SLA said it was acting in "self defence" when it opened fire on a hut where the captives were held.

One guerrilla was killed and two guerrillas, one wounded, surrendered to the SLA and Israeli troops after shooting.

The U.N. Security Council was told three other guerrillas cap-tured by UNIFIL before the hostage-taking said they had come from Cyprus to attack Israeli military targets.

view on both sides that neither stands to gain from the confronta-

If Mr. Bush vetoes congressional approval of the aid, as he has said he would, he risks losing Jewish support for his reelection campaign

Even if Israel defeats Mr. Bush, the battle is sure to have a lasting negative effect on relations between the two countries. But Israeli government sources say privately that Israel cannot back down on this issue even if it means losing in Congress.

(Continued on page 5)

### **Islamists** under attack — Shbeilat

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Islamic movements in Jordan believe they are being targetted by the government through arrests made against an Islamic group that calls itself "Prophet Moha mad's Army," an Islamic deputy said

Saturday.
Independent Islamist deputy Laith Shbeilat contended at a press conference held in his office that the govern-

ment was targetting all the Islamic religious groups to obstruct their efforts to reject the ongoing peace process in the Middle East. Mr. Shbeilat specifically referred to the government crack-down on "Proobet Mohammad's Army" and said although he did not know anything about the group he saw it as an example of what he described as the government campaign against Islam-ist groups. "We are all targetted...," he said.

Over 150 alleged members of the group were arrested since July and the government said the group was responsible for several attacks, including two car-bomb explosions which crippled two people.

Many of the arrested were released subsequently and Interior Minister Jawdat Shoul said early this month that 18 remained in detention and they would soon be put on trial at the

"There is no doubt that we are all there is no down that we are an argetted because we are the major obstacle to the peaceful solution—the solution of surrender," Mr. Shbeilat claimed.

The Islamic movements, the largest of which is the Muslim Brotherhood, reject the U.S.-brokered Middle East peace process. They do not recognise the existence of Israel and strongly believe that all of Palestine must be liberated through jihad (holy war).

(Continued on page 5)

#### The guerrillas were on their way to Israel in rubber dinghies ed over to the Lebanese army. zone" in South Lebanon, after Iraq: U.S. committed 'odious crimes'

BAGRIDAD (Agencies) — Baghdad accused the United States Saturday of committing "octions crimes" during the Gulf was including the burial alive of Iraqi troops.

The U.S. Defence Department said

Thursday that many Iraqi troops were buried alive in trenches by U.S. tanks fitted with ploughblades in a key assault during the final days of the six-week-war.
"The United States has come

another odious crime that will remain mark of disgrace in its history," the Iraqi News Agency (INA) quoted an Information Ministry spokesman as

"American warplanes had also bombed for four consecutive days tens of thousands of retreating Iraqi troops with air fuel bombs... which are described by experts as small nuclear bombs," he said.

Thousands of Iraqis were trapped by allied aircraft and armour as they tried to withdrew on the main highway from Kuwait to Iraq in the final

Kuwait had been achieved after Iraq declared its acceptance of (U.N.) Security Council resolutions," he

Pentagon spokesman Pete Williams has said that many Iraqis were buried by the tanks, decining to confirm or deay published reports that it could have ranged from hundreds to There is no provision in the Gene-

va convention that would prohibit this operation," he said, adding "war is

Neither Iraq not the Pentagon have provided any official estimate of Iraqi deaths during the war.

The U.S. Defence Intelligence

Agency said at one point that up to 100,000 Iraqi troops could have been cilled and up to 300,000 wounded in the war, but said that estimate was a ague guess at best.

Iraqi oil sales

A proposed U.N. Security Council resolution retains a limit of \$1.6 billion for Iraqi oil sales, ignoring suggestions from the secretary

count of oil lead could market.

approved by the major powers and

members Wednesday and adopted before Friday, allowing Iraqi oil to reach international markets for the first time since a trade embargo was imposed 13 months ago when Iraq invaded Kuwait.

tions and Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar were smoothed over in his report last week as well as in the

authorise an immediate increase in Fraci oil sales and the draft resolution restitions the council's intention "to review this sum on the basis of its ongoing assessment of the needs and requirements."

But his report made clear that new nents of Linq emergency

needs had already been done and the cent too low. He wanted that Iraq's food supply and health needs could result in a "full-scale famine and a major human disaster" over the next few months.

The new draft resolution implements the U.N. chief's report, which outlines unprecedented U.N. monitoring of Iraq's oil sales. All contracts have to be approved by the council's sanctions committee with monies deposited in a U.N. escrow account. After monies for reparations to war

victims and other U.N. costs are deducted, Iraq can purchase emergency provisions under U.N. supervision. International agencies will also monitor the distribution of food, The document emphasises that the

oil, while under Iraqi title, is immune from any legal claims and demands all states ensure the proceeds are pro-tected in domestic courts. Iraq, which has little choice but to

accept the U.N. programme, has attacked it bitterly as a stranglehold on the country's economic life and demanded trade bans be lifted.

announced it will not take part in panese political, media, legal and admi-

EC hails U.S.-Soviet

## 4 Moscow policemen

\* Moskovskaya Pravda said.

Baker pledges aid to Baltic states MOSCOW (Agencies) - Presi- the body of V.I. Lenin can be sing non-Georgian minorities in dent Mikhail Gorbachev taken only by a countrywide re-

answered questions for two hours ferendum. Saturday about last month's The marble tomb housing coup, becoming the first Soviet Lenin's corpse became a com-leader to face interrogation in a munist shrine visited by countless millions after it was built in 1929. The niece of Soviet state Removal of his body would deal a huge symbolic blow to the founder Vladimir Lenin called for disgraced Communist Party. a referendum to decide on the fate of his embalmed body, fuellwhose activities were suspended by President Gorbachev after last ing a row between liberal refor-

mers and remnants of the discremonth's failed coup. The controversy is due to come In the Baltics, U.S. Secretary to a head on Oct. 2 at the first of State James Baker promised session of the Supreme Soviet the three newly-independent under the new post-coup power structure, dominated by indistates of Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia \$14 million in aid to vidual republics.

In the breakaway Republic of Georgia, the nationalist leadership, under fire from intellectuals and students, postponed the start of the school year.

Georgian authorities also banned publication and distribution of Soviet newspapers as organs of a "hostile state." The republic's capital Tbilisi

has been the scene of daily demonstrations for and against President Zviad Gamsakhurdia an ardent nationalist who seeks to place for jeering on the ashes of Vladimir Lenin," Ms. Ulyanova pendence from the Soviet Union. take his volatile republic to inde-His critics accuse him of repres-

Georgia and of increasing dic-tatorial behaviour in his republic of 5.4 million people.
At least 3,000 Georgians de-

monstrated against Mr. Gam-sakhurdia on Friday in the latest large street protest and later marched to the university to support a protest vigil by academics. În Azerbaijan, unidentified hiiackers held 84 passengers hostage on a train they seized at Ordubad in the Soviet autonomous republic of Nakhichevan near the Iranian border, Soviet

Television reported. Azerbaijan, which declared itself independent after the coup, has been tense since an illtempered presidential election

Incumbent President Ayaz Mutalibov was reelected as the sole candidate after opposition parties, accusing him of having sympathised with the coup, boycotted the poll Nakhichevan, which lies be-tween Armenia, Turkey and

Iran, took no part in the election,

saying Mr. Mutalibov had no moral right to lead Azerbaijan. Mr. Baker, speaking in Tallinn

days of the war.

The (U.S.) military and political (Continued on page 5) objective of Iraq's withdrawal from

general to raise by 50 per cent the The resolution, circulated among countil members Friday, has been

leaves in place the originally agreed quantity of oil which Iraq could sell for its emergency needs and pay Gulf war debts over a six-month period. It is due to be discussed by council

Differences between Western na-

His report did not insist the council

### Pakistangives cautious welcome U.S. envoy to Afghanistan arms agreement "We hope they will strictly

TEHRAN (Agencies) — Pakis- the Mujahedeen guerrillas, that tan has welcomed Friday's U.S.-Soviet agreement to stop supplying arms to combatants in Afghanistan as "a move in the right direction" but said it would have been better as part of an overall peace package.

Foreign Secretary Shaharyar Khan, visiting Iran with President Ghulam Ishaq Khan, said Pakistan has always wanted such an accord to be linked with a ceasefire between rebels and the Soviet-backed government in

"The fact that it emerged without the package does make it a little bit difficult," he told repor-

"But it is a move in the right direction. We feel that anything that moves in the direction of a political settlement is good and would be a help and an impulse to the political process."

Mr. Khan said Pakistan now hoped that a settlement would emerge by the beginning of January, when the arms cut-off is due to take effect.

"We feel the next three months are very vital," he said. "We hope we can put things together

in this time. Pakistan, host to three million Afghan refugees and seven prominent guerrilla groups, will play a key role in any Afghan settle-

It has declared support for a five-point peace plan launched in May by U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, which provides for a ceasefire, interim government and free elections. Mr. Khan said it was too early

to say if Pakistan would itself cut off arms supplies to the rebels. He denied that Mr. Perez de Cuellar, who met the Pakistani president in Tehran Thursday, had asked Islamabad to do so. And he dismissed claims in Tehran this week by Sibghatullah Mojadedi, a moderate leader of

elements in the Pakistani government had backed an alleged plot by hardline guerrillas to attack Kabul and spark a coup

"I would discount that altogether," Mr. Khan said. "I can tell you this is not so at all." Opponents in the Afghan civil war also welcomed the U.S.-Soviet agreement, but the rebels said they would continue fighting

the government.

Afghan President Najibullah told a cabinet meeting the agreement was "a significant and valuable step," the official Kabul Radio said.

Two major guerrilla parties based in Pakistan also welcomed it and called for strict implementation, saying the arms cutoff would hasten the collapse of Mr. Najibullah's government.

Conversely, senior government sources in Kabul said they hoped the agreement would increase sure on guerrillas for a political settlement of the 13-year-old

They said that Pakistan and Saudi Arabia, key backers of the Mujabedeen along with the United States and Iran, must also cut their supplies.

Earlier TASS news agency said Mr. Najibullah has welcomed "with open satisfaction" the agreement announced in Moscow by U.S. Secretary of State James Baker and Soviet Foreign Minis-

ter Boris Pankin. TASS quoted Soviet Foreign Ministry officials as saying Mr. Najibullah fully backed the proposal for both superpowers to end supplies by January 1992 and called on other parties involved in

the conflict to do the same. The Hezb-I-Islami party of radical guerrilla leader Gulbuddin Hekmatyar said arms deliveries to the warring sides had amounted to intervention by the

## meets

### Lebanese leaders on peace

abide by the agreement in this

regard and stop their interference

and intervention in the affairs of

Afghanistan," a Hezb statement

really decided to cut off assist-

ance (to Kabui) we welcome it."

But he rejected an appeal from

Mr. Perez de Cuellar for the

Mujahedeen not to attack Kabul,

adding that the rebels always

tried to target military installation

las fired rockets into Kabul Radio

Despite the agreement, guerril-

Hezb, which has taken an in-

creasingly vociferous stance

against U.S. involvement in

Afghanistan, was delighted at the

news of the Moscow agreement.

"We are very happy, we are rejoicing," Hezb official Nawab

Salim said by telephone from the

northwestern Pakistani town of

Najibullah will go in a very short

the United States and Moscow

had been acting in league to

prevent a fundamentalist Muslim

government emerging a Kabul.

with Hezb forces south of Kabul,

believed that Mr. Najibullah's

hold on power would fall apart as

soon as news spread of Moscow's decision to halt arms supplies.

involved in a coup attempt by

Afghan Defence Minister

year and believed another

Mr. Hekmatyar was beavily

awaz Tanai in March last

npt could be made to topple

He said Mr. Hekmatyar, who is

time in Kabul.

Peshawar. "We all believe that

Mr. Salim said Hezb believed

rather than civilian areas.

ment were toppled.

An Afghan rebel news agency quoted Mr. Hekmatyar as saying BEIRUT (R) - Outgoing U.S. Assistant Secretary of in an interview that there could be no solution of the Afghan State John Kelly, on a surprise crisis unless the Kabul governvisit to Beirut, held talks with Lebanon's leaders Saturday on Jamiat-I-Islami guerrilla party leader Burhanuddin Rabbani a Middle East peace conference planned for next month. said: "If the Soviet Union has

Mr. Kelly, assistant secret-ary of state for Near East and South Asian affairs, met Prime Minister Omar Karami and Parliament Speaker Hussein Husseini before talks with President Elias Hrawi on the peace conference.

He refused to talk to reporters but Mr. Karami said that Mr. Kelly, a former ambassador to Berrat, had stressed Washington's backing for Lebanon at the Middle East

peace conference. "Mr. Kelly assured us that Lebanon would not be isolated in the (peace) conference and that the United States would support Lebanon with all its power to achieve its full independence and sovereignty,"
Mr. Karami told reporters after the meeting.

Edward Dierejian, a former ambassador to Damascus, has been nominated to succeed Mr. Kelly.

Mr. Karami said Mr. Kellv promised Washington would support Beirat in its demand for implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 425 which calls for an Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon.

The Lebanese government has agreed to attend peace talks on condition that ending Israel's occupation of South Lebanon should not be linked to other issues in the Arab-Israeli dispute. It was not revealed whether

Mr. Kelly also discussed the problem of Western hostages. U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar is trying to broker an exchange of the captives for prisoners held by Israel.

Five Americans are among up to 10 Westerners held hostage in Lebanon.

Syrian President Hafez Al Assad has assured the United States that he regards Lebanon as a fully independent state, Mr. Kelly said in Washington Asked if Damascus included Lebanon as a part of "greater

Syria," Mr. Djerejian told the Senate Foreign Relations "I specifically had raised that question in Damascus and I have been told by the Syrian chief of state that Syria recog-

nises that Syria and Lebanon

are two distinct, independent

Mr. Djerejian said the United States has achieved considerable success in the last three years in getting Syria to join in efforts in the region that fulfilled U.S. policy objec-

He cited Syrian cooperation with an agreement to end the Lebanese civil war, its cooperation in the Gulf crisis and its participation in the planned Arab-Israel peace conference.

He said Mr. Assad was a pragmatist who realised countries in the region could no longer play the United States and the Soviet Union off against each other and that a military solution to the Middle East conflict was becoming more and more remote.

The committee was considering the nomination of Mr. Djerejian, a veteran career didum there in January. plomat, to succeed Mr. Kelly as assistant secretary of state for Near East and South Asian

### **Tehran Times expects** more hostage releases

President Hashemi Rafsanjani said Saturday that one or two Western hostages in Lebenon could be freed soon, but it added that Israel should release more Arab prisoners.

The English-language Tehran Times made the prediction in an editorial a day after a visit by U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, who has been seeking to arrange a swap of Israeli and Arab prisoners as a key to the hostage situation.

The newspaper said that Israel's freeing of 51 Arab prisoners Wednesday was "too little too late." However, it added the eesture was a hopeful sign that should receive a favourable re-

The newspaper also noted that Israel should take further steps for the release of more Muslims. On Wednesday, the Israel's proxy militia in Lebanon freed the 51 prisoners, and sent back the remains of nine Lebanese guerrillas, after Israel received evidence that one of its soldiers

missing in Lebanon had died. Israel has demanded information on the fate of seven missing soldiers before it will release Arabs whose freedom has been demanded by Lebanese kidnap groups as a price for giving up their foreign hostages.

After freeing the prisoners, Israel learned the fate of a second soldier. The body of Samir Assad was returned Friday in a deal that also allowed a Palestinian activist to go back to his home in the Jerusalem suburb of Abu Dis.

Last month, the Tehran Times proved accurate in a prediction that a British and American hostage would be freed. After an editorial in the newspaper, Briton John McCarthy and American Edward Austin Tracy were re-

The newspaper's editorial Saturday noted that the swap of Arab and Israeli prisoners and Western hostages was sensitive and complicated.

Most of those released Wednesday from the Khiam prison run by the Israeli-financed South Lebanon Army (SLA) militia were Shiite Muslims who are members of the Iranianhacked Lebanese faction Highol-

## TEHRAN (AP) — A newspaper lab (Party of God). that reflects the views of Iranian Hizbollah is believ

umbrella for factions holding the 11 Westerners missing in Leba-

On Friday, a leader of the group, Hussein Musawi, said that a British or American hostage could be released within a week but he also demanded that Israel free a kidnapped Shiite Muslim cleric, Abdul Kanni Obeid. Shiekh Obied was seized at his

home in the South Lebanese village of Jibsheet by Israeli paratroopers in 1989. Sheikh Obeid's abduction first

raised international criticism, but the stir quieted when the Israelis offered to trade him for the release of its missing soldiers and the Western hostages. The missing Westerners are

five Americans, two British, two Germans and an Italian. The longest held is American Terry Anderson, chief Middle East correspondent for the Associated Press, who was abducted on March 16, 1985.

"We welcome the return of 51 Lebanese to their homes along with the remains of some of their companions," the Tehran Times

"It is an encouraging sign and should receive a favourable re-

"While we expect the release of one or two more Western bostages soon, we expect too that Israel and its allies will also find ways to release around 400 hos-.tages who continue to be held in

captivity by them."
The Tehran Times urged Israel to release the Arabs "before the good intentions of the Iranian officials can be in any way marred," describing the issue as "very complicated and sensitive."

Iran, while denying any direct role in the hostage affair, admits to having influence with groups in

Before leaving on Friday, Mr. Perez de Cuellar said he expected more hostages to be freed "in the next days or weeks" but declined to say if these would be Westerners or others. "Since the U.N. secretary-

general involved himself in the sue, the hopes for closure of the hostage file have become greater and the continuous Iranian efforts may bring fruitful results," the Tehrain Times said.

### Maghreb leaders hope to breathe new life into union

meeting in Casablanca Sunday hope to breathe new life into the which has made little progress towards unity since it was founded two and a half years ago.

The union, which groups Algeria, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco and Tunisia, hopes to create a free zone, a single market of 100 million, but domestic problems in individual states have held up several integrated economic projects.

The last ordinary summit was held in Libya in March. Another was due in June but was called off when Muslim fundamentalist violence errorted in Algeria and the government resigned.

Mauritania, the union's poor relations, declined the rotating chairmanship this year due to ethnic tensions and pressing demands for political reforms.

Morocco took over the chair instead at Mauritania's request but is giving its highest priority to the conflict over Western Sahara. A U.N. peace process for the Western Sahara began with a ceasefire proclaimed a week ago and the United Nations plans to hold a self-determination referen-

Similarly, in neighbouring Algeria top priority is being given to serious financial problems and the country's first multi-party leg-

CASABLANCA. (R) — Five islative elections due by the end of North African heads of state the year.

The Moroccan socialist opposi-tion daily Al Ittihad Ishtiraki said "demands a strong stand against secessionist logic.

The union treaty stipulates that no member state will allow groups on its territory to threaten another member, but Moroccan political parties accuse Algeria and Mauritania of giving sanctuary to Polisario guerrillas.

The socialist paper said such action could cause "the breakup of the five Maghreb states and lead moreover to an advanced phase of clashes and tension." The Casablanca weekly La Vie

Economique said certain Maghreb states "continue to allow the Polisario to use their ... territory as a sanctuary and springboard for their media prop-

Moroccan Foreign Minister Abdul Latif Filali told a meeting of his Maghreb colleagues in Rabat Friday that obstacles were holding up the work of the union's institutions.

He said a Maghreb common market, in theory due by the end of the century, required more efficient working methods and that the five states should put into effect decisions already taken by the heads of state at previous

AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER

**QUEEN ALIA** 

### MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN MINE

### Libya proposes open border with Tunisia

CAIRO (R) — Libya, which opened its borders with Egypt last month, has proposed opening its frontier with Thuisia, a Libyan leader was quoted as saying in remarks published Sanaday. "Libya is prepared to sign the same agreements with Tunida as it has with Egypt ... beginning with cancelling the borders and freeing movement of people and goods," Major Abdul Saltan Jalloud said in an interview with Al Sharq Al Awan newspaper. Major Jalloud, oil-rich Libya's second-in-command, met Tunisian President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali on the eve of a summit of Maghreb leaders in Casablanca. The Libyan said that following the opening of borders with Egypt on Aug. 6, hundreds of thousands of Egyptians were working in his country and a similar number of Libyans had visited Egypt. Rushours and press speculation in Cairo suggest, however, that there are few jobs waiting for Egyptians in Libya and many are sleeping rough before returning home. Asked whether Libyans preferred Tensizn or Egyptian workers, the newspaper quoted Major Jalloud as saying: "There is no contradiction between closer ties with Egypt and with Tunisia." But he added that some Libyan largers preferred Egyptian workers because they accepted lower wages.

#### Four killed in Mauritanian row

NOUAKCHOTT, (R) - Three civilians and a policeman were killed in southern Mauritania in a land dispute fuelled by racial tensions, witnesses said Friday. They said five other civilians were injured in the clash last Wednesday near the town of Kaedi, on Manritania's river border with Senegal, when security forces stopped farmers occupying land they claimed was theirs. The witnesses said the farmers, all members of the black Hal-Pulsar ethnic group, were refused official permission to cultivate the land and the permit was given instead to a woman from the dominant Arabic-speaking Moorish community. Mauritania's Hai-Pulaars, estimated to form around a third of the two million population, acruse the Moorish-led government of racial discrip Human rights organisations including London-based Amnesty International have lashed out at Mauritania's human rights record, saying hundreds of Hal-Pulaar have been tortured and killed in the huge Saharan country.

#### Japanese prince visits Morocco mosque

CASABLANCA (R) - Crown Prince Naru Hito of Japan Friday visited the Grand Hassan II Mosque, one of the biggest in the world, which is nearing completion on the ocean front in Casablanca. Accompanied by Crown Prince Sidi Mohammad and Prince Moulay Rachid, the sons of King Hassan of Morocco, he watched workmen installing mosaics and tiles on the walls of the building, whose mainaret rises to 200 metres. The mosque was designed by French architect Jacques Pinsean and built by the French construction company Bouygues with funds donated by Morocco's population of some 24 million. Officials say it is the third largest mosque in the world after those in Mecca and Medina and is estimated to have cost over \$400 million. The Japanese prince later toured Casablanca, the country's economic capital with a population of nearly three million. The prince was received by King Hassan shortly after his arrival in the Capital, Rabat, Thursday when he was decorated with the insignia of the Wissam Mohammadi, the highest Moroccan order. He is due to leave for London on an official visit to Britain after his three-day trip to Morocco.

#### Buses collide, at least 10 killed in Egypt

CAIRO (AP) - Two speeding buses collided head-on Saturday on a highway just outside Cairo, killing at least 10 people, police said. About 30 passengers from the two bases were injured, said a spokesman, speaking anonymously under department rules. On-scene investigation was continuing, and the casualty figures might be revised upward, the spokesman said. He said he did not know how many were aboard the two public transport bases but believed it exceeded 80. The accident occurred about 15 ares north of Cairo on a main road linking the ca the Mediterranean coastal city Alexandria. Police said the driver of a bus headed from Cairo to the industrial suburb of Shubra Al Kheima apparently lost control, veered to the left and jumped the traffic island into southbound lanes. It crashed into a bus headed for Cairo from the Nile Delta province of Menonfiya. The Cairo-bound bus overturned, police said, and most casualties were among its passengers.

### Kuwait drills new wells, caps 429

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait started drilling new oil wells Saturday and said firefighters had recapped more than haif of the wells set alight or damaged in the Gulf war. Oil Ministry officials said the Sante-Fe International, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kuwait Petroleum Corporation, started drilling in several fields. "The new wells will replace those which became unproductive after being damaged by the Iraqis," one official said. Oil Minister Hamoud Abdulla Al Raqba said last mouth Kuwait planned to drill about 100 wells by July 1992. He said up to 30 wrecked wells had been declared unproductive and filled with concrete. The officials said firefighters had recapped 429 of the 732 wells set ablaze or damaged by the end of the Gulf war in February. The pace of recapping has picked up in recent weeks with the recruitment of more firefighters. There are currently more than 20 teams tackling the fires. Kuwait hopes all the burning wells, which are polluting the entire Gulf region with columns of thick black smoke, will be extinguished by March. It aims to produce 400,000 barrels of crude per day by the end of the year. Before Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on Aug. 2, 1990, the emirate was capable of pumping up to two million barrels daily. Kuwait, which resumed crude exports in July, is expected to start selling refined

15:15

### Security Council demands Iraq allow use of helicopters UNITED NATIONS (AP) - Pickering said: "All inspections biological weapons capabilities.

The president of the Security Council on Friday warned Iraq's U.N. ambassador that Baghdad must allow U.N. weapons inspectors to use German helicopters or face possible punitive measures.

Iraq recently has refused to permit U.N. inspectors to use three German helicopters with German crews in its territory. Iraqi officials called the use of **foreign aircraft a violation of** Iraqi sovereignty and offered Iragi helicopters to the U.N. inspec-

"I have issued a very clear warning to the Iraqi ambassador that the Security Council wants its resolutions (on cooperation) with arms inspectors) to be fully implemented," said French Ambassador Jean-Bernard Merimee, who is the council's monthly president.

Mr. Merimee spoke with reporters after meeting briefly with Traq's envoy, Abdul Amir Al

Earlier Friday, the council had met for closed consultations and instructed Mr. Merimee, as president, to deliver a strong warning to the Iraqi ambassador. "There was no discussion of a

was not a threat or an ultimatum, but a warning ... that this situation is very serious;" Mr. Merimee said. Privately, however, other

possible penalty," he said, "It

council members called the warning an ultimatum. Mr. Anbari later told reporters: "It was very clear warning, yes, but I don't know yet the

response of my government. I'm

21:10

06:14 12:31

only a messenger. U.S. Ambassador Thomas

clearly have to go ahead if the process is be made correct and that is what we demand that the Iraq's do. I think the next steps would not be so pleasant.' He declined to say what the

next steps could be. "This is Iraq's most serious breach of the ceasefire in recent months ... and it will have very

serious and grave consequences if it persists," he said. Council diplomats, speaking on condition of anonymity, said that if Iraq does not comply on the helicopter issue, it could face cancellation of a U.N.-authorised oil sale, suspension of the work of the Sanctions Committee which

They also said it could be difficult for the council to approve a resolution further punishing Iraq because Baghdad already is suffering from the effects of the Gulf war and U.N. economic sanctions.

The Security Council last year authorised the use of force to resolution refers indirectly to the use of force to compel Iraq to meet its post-war obligations. Under terms of the U.N. cease-

approves humanitarian shipments to Iraq, a blockade of Iraqi air space or even a limited military

However, the diplomats. speaking on condition of anonymity, said there was no official draft resolution authorising the use of force.

drive Iraci forces from Kuwait. and the April 3 U.N. ceasefire

fire, Iraq is required to cooperate with U.N. arms inspectors

directed to investigate its

weapons programmes and to eli-

U.N. teams are also mandated to oversee the destruction of all Iraq's Scud-type missiles..... Most council members consid-

er Iraq's intransigence on the helicopters to be a violation of the ceasefire agreement.

The Security Council has insisted that Iraq permit inspectors to travel freely in their own aircraft to conduct spot inspections without interference by the Ira-

U.N. officials have complained that Iraq has not been forthcoming with inspectors looking into its nuclear, chemical, biological and ballistic capabilities. On Friday, an Iraqi official said the fourth U.N. nuclear inspec-

tion team to visit his country did not give a complete technical evaluation of Iraq's nuclear programme despite receiving sufficient information, the Iraqi News Agency reported. The official implied that there

was an effort to exaggerate Iraq's nuclear capability and make it appear there was an effort to conceal it in order to justify continuing U.N. sanctions. The INA report was issued

before the expected arrival of a fifth U.N. team next week. Among its findings, the fourth U.N. nuclear team reported that the Iraqis managed to separate three grammes of plutonium, which can be used in much larger quantities in nuclear weapons, according to Robert Gallucci, deputy chairman of the U.N. Special Commission charged with eliminating Iraq's weapons of mass

### JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

#### Church of the Amunication Tel. 623541. JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO ..... Montagne Le Chevalier de Clel News in Preach 775261. 19:15 19:30 ..... Stratageme News in Hebrew News in Arabic 685326 811295. . Docum

.....Fajr . (Sunrise) Duha ...... Dhuhr Maghreb Tsb:

**PRAYER TIMES** 

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfich biles of God Charch, Tcl. St. Joseph Cherch Tel. 624590.

De la Salte Church Tel. 661757

Terrozanto Church Tel: 622356

CHURCHES

Cherch Tel. 625383, Tel. Orthodex Church Tel. Syrian Orthodox Church Tel. 771751. Amusas International Church Tel. ical Lutheran Church Tel: Church of the Nazarene tel. 675691. WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Yestorday's high temperatures: Amman 34. Aqaba 36. Humidity readings: Amman 36 per cent, Aqaba 40 per

It will be not and winds will be light and variable. In Aqaba, winds will be Min./Max. te ... 20/34 23 / 37

NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** Dr. Zein Ze Dr. Abdul Hadi Tayyem ... Dr. Abdul Majid Al Shaer . Dr. Yousef Sa 615648 Fires phan шсу. 778336 Al Asema pharma 637055 Al Salam pharmacy 636730 Dr. Mazen Abu Baker ... (<del>--</del>) 275825

EMERCENCIES

USEFUL TELEPHONE

Highway Police ... Traffic Police .... Public Security Department Hotel Complaints ...... Price Complaints ...... Complaints ..... Amman Municipality Complaints
Telephone Information
(directory assistance)
Overseas Calls Central Amman Telephon Repairs......Abdali Telephone Repairs Jordan Television . ... (<del>--)</del> 985417 Water Authority Jordan Electricity Authority Electric Power 08-53200

Civil Desence Department Civil Desence Immediate 775121 630321 661176 787111 773111 774111 Princess Basma Hospital . Greek Catholic Hospital Iba Al Nafees Hospital ....

HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann ... 644281/6 Aicileh Maternity, J. Assn. ... 642441/2 Jahai Amman Maternity ....... 642362 Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisan Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital . 845845 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali ... Italian, Al-Muhajn 664164/6 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 B91611/15 Army, Marka .... Queen Alia Hosp ZAROA: Zarqa Govt. Hospi Zarqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital ... Al Hikas Modern Hospital (09)900560

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08):5300-5, where it Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 18-30

I1:30

(02)272275

Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Dobei (RI) Madrid (RU) ... Criro (RU)

Paris, Geneva (RJ)
Frankfurt, Vienna (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) . Tripoli (LN) Bahrain (GF) Larnaca (CY) 12:30 DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) . Aqaba (RI) sabianca (RI) . Cairo (RI

Riyada (R.) ... Duhai (R.) 21:30 21:30 . Damescus (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ) Kuala Lampur, Singapore (RJ) 21J45 Other Flights (Terminal 2)

459 / 409 559 / 459 150 / 100 1000 / 900 900 / 800 220 / 160 Lemon ( 350 /360 260 / 150 390 / 320 900 / 800 Onion (dry) . 250 / 200 400 / 350 Orange . Peaches 700 / 600 500 / 490 240 / 180 380 / 326 300 / 250 copper (bot) 600 / 500 300 / 340

MARKET PRICES

. Tripoli (LN) Belirain (GF)

## Ministry of Planning asked to develop plan for absorption of returning expatriates

AMMAN (J.T.) — The National Committee for the Welfare of the Returnees has entrusted the Awsai needs Ministry of Planning to draw up a detailed strategy providing solutions to problems relevant to the absorption of hundreds of thousands of expatriates returning to the country from Knwait, according to committee Chair-

ers with Fan.
Tanisis alia
ablished She
is with This
g the broad

g the border iajor Abdul

ve of a sum said that follo 3. 6, hundred tentry and a se imours and

imoniz and

there are les

re steeping it.
It preferred it.
It Major Jahor
ser ties with

ser ties with the Libyan too

a policeman fuelled by

ther civilians own of Raed

security le

was them to black Halfut

cultivate the key om the dome! om the dome! atta's Hall-Pale. Illion popular il discrimination in the control of the control o

i-based Appar

is human ng

o mosque

o of Japan ing

he biggest in 6

OCCER TOTAL

Mehammala ;

a of Moreco L

die walsofe .

and built by &

ands desaids

cials say as a

¢ ம ∭ஊரு ஆ

i Conilisa de

ULTER SERVICE

. The property

ப் காம் (மூ

and and a second and a second

ic. H-,≥n

te: Lu zuch

d in Egypl

ea.i-ee Saamb

. police, police

re injured, sadi

भूगास्त्राच्या स्टेस

ट्यामंत्र हिला : इसर्थ १५ वर्षी ह

arrad about t

्रे अस्ति व

೯ ಎಂದೆ ಮೇ ರೋ

iri of Station !

end jumpelit

:ಎ . ಗಿತ**ಿಯ** 

Associate L

TOST COST

aps 429

walls Same

ा क्षेट्र बर्टी 🛸

والمناوع المستهار

ary of Kee

· Eels T

TOOUTH E

. O. 1555

ant Plateil

a wreated the

concrete, it

e II meks

Februar T

com with the

nais more in

THE PERSON

.ura: 01 155

10 FOE

e test. Bee

e confair s

Kusaii sii

seing in

المالية من المالية الم المالية المالية

PEICES

a : D # 6

The Ministry of Planning is to work out a long term strategy taking into consideration means of benefiting from the expatriates skills and expertise in various fields and proposing incomepocrating projects for them, Mr. Hammad said.

He said that the strategy will en be submitted to the United Nations, foreign countries and organisations which have displayed solidarity with Jordan and offered to provide assistance to alleviate the suffering of the re-

Mr. Hammad, who is also secretary general of the Ministry of Interior, said he had met with Dr. Ali A. Attiga, U.N. resident representative, to discuss the situation. Jordan has been also in contact with the U.N. secretary general and other agencies affili-



**HOME NEWS IN BRIEF** 

King congratulates Nicaragua, Guatemala

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Saturday sent a

cable to Nicaraguan President Violeta Barrios de Chamorro to

congratulate her in his name and on behalf of the Jordanian

government and people on Nicaragua's independence day anniversary. King Hussein wished Ms. Chamorro continued good

health and hanomess and the Nicaragnan people further progress

and prosperity. King Hussein sent a similar cable to Guatemalan

President Marco Vinicio Cerezo Arevalo to congratulate him on

AMMAN (Petra) - The Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF) in

cooperation with the Haya Cultural Centre will organise a mobile

exhibition of science and biology in That Ras village in Karak Governorate. The exhibition, which is held as part of the NHF's

"Improving Life in Villages" project, displays items related to

agriculture, health, the environment and renovation of archaeolo-

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) has spent JD 2.5 million during 1990 on capital investments in electric energy projects compared to JD 12.7 million in 1989, according to

JEA sources, The sources said the reduction in spending was in

implementation of government measures aimed at reducing

spending. The JEA, the sources said, continued to carefully

monitor the current operational costs and had increased depend-

ence on local financial sources instead of foreign ones. The fixed

assets of the JEA were estimated in 1990 at JD 226,300,000,

AMMAN (Petra) - Director of the Jordan Commercial Centres

Corporation (JCCC) Rima Khalaf Huneidi has received the

head of a Libyan economic delegation currently on a visit to

Jordan. Discussion in the meeting centred on ways of promoting

commercial cooperation between Jordan and Libya and the

prospect of holding specialised industrial fairs in Amman and

AMMAN (Petra) — A medical clinic to provide free medication and treatment for the poor and needy has been endorsed in a meeting of the General Union of Voluntary Societies in the governorate of Tafileh, according to Jounnah Jaradeen, secretary of the union. Also endorsed was the opening of a craft centre in the city of Tafileh to resolve the product of the city of Tafileh to resolve the product of the city of Tafileh to resolve the product of the city of Tafileh to resolve the product of the city of Tafileh to resolve the product of the city of Tafileh to resolve the product of the city of Tafileh to resolve the product of the city of Tafileh to resolve the product of the city of t

the city of Tafileh to market the products of the charity organisations. About JD 4,100 was distributed to the various organisations according to their activities and programmes.

AMMAN (Petra) - Water and irrigation problems will be

discussed in a seminar Wednesday held by the Farmers Union of

the Jordan Valley and which will be attended by the Minister of

Water and Irrigation, the Minister of Agriculture and professors

from the University of Jordan. Furthermore, the union has

forwarded a request to Jordan Valley Authority President Talal

Gazawi to pump underground water in the Jordan Valley to

AMMAN (Petra) - A joint team from the Natural Resources

Authority (NRA) and the British Geological Survey Department is currently carrying out a survey aimed at measuring the percentage of acidity and alkalimity of water flowing from 27

water wells, and measuring temperature of hot water running from hot springs in Jordan. The study is aimed at enabling the

NRA to carry out a project for exploiting ground water thermal energy. NRA sources said that 36 water samples have already

been drawn from various sources and sent to Britain for lab test

Medical clinic to be established

Tripoli among other issues.

Seminar to be held

compensate for water shortages.

Team to conduct survey

JCCC director receives Libyan official

his country's independence day anniversary.

NHF to put on science exhibition

JEA spent JD 2.5 million in 1990

ated to the world organisation over the issue. Mr. Hammad said that the

organisations underlined the importance of preparing a study that would offer assessment to the real problem and the areas where aid can be offered.

Mr. Hammad added that his committee was working in two parallel approaches. The first en-tails providing immediate food and medical assistance to the needy expatriates with the help of voluntary and charitable organisations. The second involves a national strategy that would be submitted to the world organisa-

tions for help. He said that in view of the influx of thousands of people, the Jordanian government has found itself incapable of coping with the new burdens and is expecting. assistance from friendly nations

and world organisations.

Minister of Planning Ziad Fariz said last week that Jordan would need at least \$4.5 billion within the next five years to cope with the huge population increase which resulted from the Gulf

His Majesty King Hussein told the European Parliament in the past week that an estimated 300,000 people have returned to Jordan, causing unemployment to soar to 32 per cent and increasing the population by at least 10 Dr. Fariz said that more than

JD 1 billion in investments would be needed to create jobs for the labour force increase. Among the

friendly nations giving help to the Kingdom was Germany, which on Monday announced a grant of \$2.85 million that would be channelled through the United Na-tions Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) to help provide assistance to the expatriates.

Iranian

official

arrives

message

Iranian official arrived here

Saturday with a message to His

Majesty King Hussein from the

The Jordan News Agency,

Petra, said the envoy, Moham-

mad Kazem, who arrived by

land from Syria, would meet

with Jordanian government

officials to discuss regional and

international issues as well as

In a statement upon his

arrival at the Ramtha border

post, Mr. Kazem said that he

was carrying a message to the

King from Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani

envoy would meet with Speak-

er of the Lower House of

Parliament Abdul Latif Ara-

biyat to hand him a message

from the speaker of the Islamic

Shura Council. The envoy said that his visit was in the

framework of ongoing efforts to promote bilateral relations.

signed a letter of understand-

ing on economic and com-

merical cooperation. It was

signed in Tehran during a visit

Trade Ali Abul Rageb.

ties with Jordan...

**YMCA** 

calls for

of U.N.

resolutions

Minister of Industry and

The Iranian officials under-

lined the importance of prom-

oting economic and political

implementation

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan was

one of five Middle Eastern coun-

tries to take part in an interna-

tional conference of the world

alliance of the Young Men

Christian Associations (YMCA),

which was held in Seoul, South

Korea, between Aug. 23 and 29. Altogether, 900 delegates from

100 nations took part in the con-

ference, which discussed numer-

ous world issues including the

Jordan, Lebanon, Palestine,

Egypt and Sudan were repre-

sented at the conference which

expressed support for the Palesti-

nian people's right to their home-

land and called for the imple-

mentation of U.N. Security

Council Resolutions 181, 242 and

338 and the idea of land for

Delegates representing Young

Men Christian Associations from

around the world had visited the

Middle East in 1989 and 1990 and

acquainted themselves with the

facts about the situation in the

occupied Arab territories. The

delegates submitted reports ab-

out their findings to the confer-

Iran and Jordan last month

Petra earlier said that the

emi Rafsanjani.

for King

Iranian leadership.

bilateral relations.

with

The German Minister for Economic Cooperation, Carl Dieter Spranger, said upon concluding a visit to Jordan in the past week that his country was considering setting up a European consultative committee to study aid to the

In his statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Saturday, issue is too big for Jordan to handle. It is a humanitarian issue less tragic than those resulting from natural disasters and wars, Mr. Hammad said.

Between Aug. 6 and Sept. 13, a total of 24,971 expatriates returned to Jordan but many more are expected, he said apart from those returning, the Kingdom is burdened with Jordanian and Palestinian expatriates who had been spending their holiday in the country when the Gulf crisis broke out and cannot return to their homes, he said.

#### Minister says unions must adhere to labour law

mi announced Saturday that the various unions without any ex- its regulations.

The Labour Ministry is deterlabour and trade unions to function, and accept members but no faction or worker should be deprived of membership because of its political or ideological affiliation, the minister said at a meeting with the Jordanian National Committee for the Defence of Public and Trade Unions Free-

attended by Parliament members approval can be secured.

vent unions from holding elec-Ministry of Labour was deter- tions until they have completed mined to implement the labour certain procedures to ensure that law in full and to apply its rules to they abide by the labour law and

the formation of a committee to mined to open the door for all recommend workers for membership in various labour unions. Mr. Dughmi announced that the Labour Ministry would not

recognise the results of the Am-Petrochemical Industries due to be held on Wednesday. He said that that union should first adhere to the regulations and laws and should endorse the membership At the meeting, which was of all workers before ministry

### Jordan to switch to winter time on Oct. 3

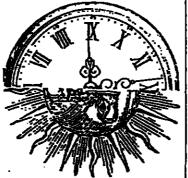
AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan will switch to winter time Oct. 3 when clocks will be turned back 60 of Greenwhich Mean Time

ordered by the government in an official communique issued by Prime Minister Taher Masri

was adopted by the government for the sixth consecutive year with the objective of conserving energy in the country, which imports its needs of fuel from

The Kingdom switched to summer time April 17. In the same month, Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources experts expected that by switching to summer time the Kingdom would

save as much as JD 500,000. According to a study conducted by the ministry, between . 1986 and 1990 the reduction in sent circumstances.



of fuel worth JD 1.7 million.

### Libyan delegation visits Zarga **Chamber of Commerce,** discusses trade prospects

### Officials agree to expand ties

delegation from Libya Saturday visited Zarqa and met with the Chamber of Commerce President Ibrahim Takieddin to discuss economic and trade ties with Libya.

ber of sites, including factories that manufacture pipes and cloth and held talks with local business-

At a meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Takieddin said that the new era of relations between Libya and Jordan paves the way for increased economic cooperation between them and would boost trade.

taking the lead in finding new markets for Jordanian products abroad in the wake of the Gulf crisis, which dealt a severe blow to Jordan's exports to Gulf countries and Iraq, Mr. Takieddin

He added that the Jordanian government was working out new plans to support the Kingdom's production and exports of commodities and services to stimulate national industries.

The head of the Libyan delegation, Bashir Salameh, delivered a bilateral ties.

Jordanian national products. Libya's markets are open to products from various Arab counno problem for Jordanian promarkets, he said.

Mr. Bashir invited Jordanian exporters and merchants to visit Libya and acquaint themselves with the needs of its markets.

minister of industry and trade scopes of bilateral cooperation and means of boosting trade between Jordan and Libya.

Labour Abdul Karim Al Dugh-mik announced that that the Jordanian government was holding contacts with Libyan officials over the prospects of giving employment to Jordanian nationals in Libya. Libya has employed Jordanian doctors and teachers over the past two years, which saw progressive strengthening of

## **Health Ministry monitoring** threat of epidemics

AMMAN (J.T.) — Despite the influx of hundreds of thousands of returnees in Jordan in the past few months, the Kingdom is totally free of any epidemics, according to a health ministry official. Because of the primary health care services in Jordan, which are of high quality and far advanced compared to those countries of the region, malaria is non-existent and the spread of bilharzia has been controlled through regular blood testing, according to Dr. Mamoun Maabreh, director of the Health Ministry's Primary Health Care De-

partment. He said that out of 80 tests conducted on non-Jordanian workers, 18 cases proved to be infected with malaria. Last year, 1,000 cases of bilharzia were discovered among non-Jordanian workers and were completely cured, Dr. Maabreh said.

In order to safeguard public health, the department has banfood products, specially those near schools. Also, strict control

sure public health safety, Dr. Maabreh said.

A survey conducted in Jordan last year to determine the infant mortality rate and those innoculated against children's diseases showed that the mortality rate among children stood at 37 per one thousand, which is equivalent to rates in developed nations, Dr. Maabreh said.

He said that 98 per cent of the country's children are covered by the Triple vaccine (DTP) and immunisation against polio and 87 per cent under one year of age are covered against measles.

Dr. Maabreh said that his department was going ahead with the implementation of a national campaign to combat diarrhoea and tuberculosis. He said that 25,000 children in the first elementary classes were vaccinated against tuberculosis last

In his address to the European ned street vendors from selling Parliament last week, His Majesty King Hussein pointed out that Jordan was one of ten countries and monitoring is practiced at in the world to have achieved the school canteens in order to en- fastest reduction in infant mortality rates over the past two decades. He said Jordan is two years ahead of the average rate of the rest of the world in achieving

universal child immunisation. The Primary Health Care Department conducts its operations through the health centres in . various governorates. It also controls the quality of drinking water and locally produced or imported food to ensure public health safety, Dr. Maabreh said.

The department directly supervises water resources and conducts testing on water networks and sewage systems. In addition, the department conducts periodic testing on the effects of the en-

vironment on public health. Dr. Maabreh said that, among other things, the department last vear carried out testing on noise. heat, dust, chemical materials. gases and fumes rising from facories to measure their effect on

In addition, he said, the de partment gives due care to through continued field visits to

### Writers' conference calls for end to allied blockade against Iraq

AMMAN (Petra) — The General the Arab character of Palestine, Federation of Arab Writers (GFAW) Saturday wound up a two-day meeting in Amman by calling on the world community to help end the embargo imposed on Iraq and to save thousands of Iraqi children from death resulting from severe food and medical

The embargo has already transcended Iraq to include Jordan, final session.

The meeting, which was attended by nine Arab countries including. Jordan, noted in the statement that fast moving events are leading the Arab World towards a dangerous abyss and endangering the Arab World's national security, its future generations and their culture. It is

The writers and authors ex-

which is now burdened by economic hardships and the forced migration of hundreds of thousands of Jordanian and Palestinian expatriates evicted from Kuwait and the Gulf states, said a communique issued at the The statement also referred to

and denounced the repeated threats levelled against Libya and repeated attempts to interfere in the internal affairs of Algeria.

with most ominous consequences for the Arab World, according to the communique.

pressed their concern over constant American pressures on Arab countries to deal with the Arab-Israeli conflict in piecemeal fashion. The time has come for the Arab writers and authors to play their important role through utilising their creativity in the course of confronting enemy plans and urging the Arab masses to adhere to their dignity and to defend their nation and existence, the statement said.

The statement appealed to all Arab intellectuals to set up a broad national front to lead the struggle culturally and to boister the morale of the Arab nation so as to stand fast in the face of conspiracies and to help promote democracy in Arab communities.

The Palestine issue is the central and the Arabs ought to cling hard to the Palestinian people's national rights, including their right to self determination in Palestine, the statement added.

The writers stressed the need for due respect to be given to the

to ensure for the Arab people their civic and political rights. The writers called on Arab regimes to adopt political pluralism and to enhance the process of demo-

cratic rule. The writers issued a separate statement on human rights in the Arab World welcoming the democratisation process in Jor-

The challenges of the modern age require continued dialogue and pluralism and respect for the human being in the Arab World so that all potentials can be mobilised in the national battle for liberation, development, democracy and unity, the state-

The statement condemned the inhuman Zionist practices as racist and full of human rights violations in Palestine.

The two-day meeting discussed a host of cultural issues and matters related to writer's freedoms as well as developments in the world at large.

The delegates that represented Jordan, Tunisia, Syria, Morocco, Yemen, Lebanon, Iraqi and Palestine reviewed the GFAW's activi-

### Jordanian Industrial Fair ends

AMMAN (Petra.) — A Jordanian Industrial Fair, which was organised in Casablanca, Morocco, by the Jordanian Commerical Centres Corporation (JCCC), ended Thursday.

According to JCCC sources, a total of 80 Jordanian firms took part in the nine-day fair. The sources said previously that the fair was expected to sell Jordaman goods worth at least JD 1.2

The Jordanian firms taking

part in the fair displayed engineering, chemical, construc-tion, agricultural and industrial products in addition to home appliances and carpet and leather commodities. The fair was designed to sell directly to the pub-

Director of the JCCC Rima Khalaf Huneidi said the fair was a real translation of the distingnished brotherly relations between Jordan and Morocco. The during the past several years.

second time in Morocco, comes in implementation of a 1978 Jordanian-Moroccan agreement designed to increase the volume of trade exchange between the two

according to Ms. Huneidi, was to acquaint the Moroccan citizens of Jordan's development and achievements in industrial fields

### Conference to stress importance of libraries to national development

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordan Library Association (JLA) is organising a general conference for its members next month and of librarians and to orient the at least 300 librarians from Jordan and other Arab countries will be taking part in the meetings, according to JLA President Anwar Akroush. Mr. Akroush said in a state-

ment that the participants will discuss matters that would focus attention on the work of national libraries and the library activities in Jordan and other Arab states.

its kind to be organised here since 1965, aims to improve the work public on the importance of libraries to promote their reading habit, Mr. Akroush said.

The work of librarians is closely connected with culture and education as well as scientific research and it is hoped that the conference would draw the attention of decision makers to help give impetus to library education

The conference, the second of to contribute to these fields.

The three-day conference is expected to review 26 working papers submitted by Jordanian and Arab librarians, Mr. Akroush said. These papers, he added, deal with national bibliography cooperation among libraries, university libraries, children's libraries, school libraries

According to Mr. Akroush, the second conference is expected to

### British hostage expected to be freed

the pro-Iranian kidnappers in Lebanon, he said: "The scenario is they (the kidnappers) will release one hostage soon."

Perez de Cuellar remains hopeful that Western hostages in Lebanon will soon be freed despite new demands made on Israel, a spokesman for the U.N. leader said Saturday.

licate. The secretary-general has very speedy resolution," Mr. Kelredoubled his efforts to reach a solution, and we will not comment on everything that is said." prin The U.N. chief said on his er. departure from Tehran Friday. that he hoped that a solution to

the whole problem will be forth-

coming within days or weeks. The U.N. chief, Mr. Guiliani also stressed, was dealing with "everything to do with the question of hostages... the release of all hostages.'

John Kelly, U.S. assistant secretary of state, discussed the issue of the missing Westerners, in Lebanon with government leaders Saturday.

"The situation is extremely de- the hostages and we hope for a ly said at the end of his talks with the Lebanese president, the prime minister and house speak-

> "We hope that our people held against their will outside of judicial processes in this region will be liberated very promptly," he told reporters at President Elias Hrawi's headquarters in Beirut,

> An American helicopter flew Mr. Kelly into the U.S. embassy in Beirut's northern suburb of Aukar earlier Saturday, after which he went immediately into the series of separate meetings with Prime Minister Omar Kara-

ment remains concerned about and Mr. Hrawi.

## WHAT'S GOING ON

#### EXHIBITIONS

An exhibition of naive painting from Germany at Abdul Hanced Shoman Foundation Gallery. \* Exhibition of paintings by Omar Boosi at the French Caltural

× Exhibition of oil paintings and ceramics by Iraqi artists Nazima Musices, Halim Mahdi and Haider Al Maurouf at Hotel Jordan

\* Art exhibition by Jordanian artist Salam Kansan at the Royal Cultural Centre's Exhibition Hall.

N Lecture entitled "legacy of Thought, Legacy of Building (Historical Train Station in Assuman)" by architect Rand Farous Daher at ACOR - 7:00 p.m.

#### AMMAN (Petra) - Labour Issa Mdanat and Bassam Hadda-Minister Abdul Karim Al Dugh- din, the minister decided to pre-

The minister also announced

man Branch of Workers of the

The change to winter time was

fuel consumption saved fuel worth JD 327,000 each year and the total amount saved over the past five years was 44,000 tonnes According to statistics, Jordan imports about 22 million barrels of crude oil annually and the energy conservation methods are deemed necessary under the pre-

ZARQA (J.T.) — A visiting

The delegation touced a num-

The private sector in Jordan is

speech at the meeting voicing-Libya's interest in purchasing tries and the country imposes no customs duty on imported Arab goods. Therefore, there can be ducts to be sold freely in Libyan

Mr. Salameh and his delega-tion last week reviewed with the

Last month, Minister of

### Government offices to be closed on Prophet's birthday

AMMAN (J.T.) - All government departments and public institutions in Jordan will remain closed on Saturday on the anniversary of the Prophet Mohammad's birthday, which falls on the previous Friday, according to a communique issued by the Prime Minister's office Saturday. The communique urged gov-

ernment and public organisations to hold religious celebrations to mark the holy occasion. The Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs announced at the same time that it was organising a major celebration at the King Abdullah Mosque on Thursday in commemoration of the event.

The director of the minis-

try's Public Relations Depart-

ment, Nayef Abu Rajab, said

that similar religious celebra-

tions will be organised in va-

rious governorates. He said that special committees chaired by provincial governors had been set up to supervise and to organise such celebrations, which would also be coupled by seminars and Islamic book exhibitions relating to the works of the Prophet

### (Continued from page 1)

release of Arab prisoners or from

U.N. Secretary-General Javier.

"We have nothing to add. The U.N. secretary-general has said he hopes we are about to make progress and to solve the hostage situation as soon as possible, said Francois Guiliani in a telephone contact with the Associated Press.

ن تأبيز يهية عربية سياسية مستكة تصدر بالاتبليزية عن المؤسسة الد

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief: GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation.

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

### Shamir ain't boss!

THE CONFRONTATION in Washington over Israel's demand of \$10 billion in loan guarantee is just beginning judging by the way both U.S. President George Bush and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir are playing their cards in the game. Jewish lobbyists are massing their forces on Capitol Hill for a strategy session that aims apparently at a compromise acceptable to Israel. Israeli supporters and apologists in the U.S. Congress must have sensed that President Bush's offer to take the entire issue straight to the American people would inflict irreparable damage on their

That is essentially why Malcolm Hoenlein, the executive director of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organisations, found himself forced to call it quits in the stand-off with the Bush administration, in spite of all protestations that Israel's supporters are confident of mustering sufficient congressional support to override any presidential veto on the loan controversy. "Nobody wants an all-out fight.... Nobody wants a confrontation," Mr. Hoenlein was quoted as saying Wedensday in Washington. "We seek a compromise," Mr. Hoenlein admitted, as if conceding at least a tactical defeat at the hands of President

Deep in their hearts, both Israel and its followers in the U.S. know only too well that if the whole issue is turned directly to the American people, the White House would come out ahead in spite of all the apparent pro-Israeli body count in the U.S. Congress. There is a limit to what the American people can stomach from the audacious state of Israel especially when they realise that they would have to foot the bill at the end for the requested loan. No one doubts that Tel Aviv will default on the loan and in the final analysis it is the American taxpayers who would have to foot the bill.

That is why all the scenarios being offered as basis for a compromise between the two camps in a final bid to end the confrontation need to be carefully scrutinised lest all the gains that President Bush had been able to win dissipate into

Particularly worrisome is sought for undertaking by Washington to use its leverage with other friendly countries to grant Israel additional financial support in order to resettle the newly arrived Jewish immigrants. Also troubling is any pledge that Washington would shoulder the costs incurred by Israel as a result of the delay. Israel's insistence that there be no additional delay of consideration of the loan guarantee upon the elapse of the 120 days is so patently prejudicial to the peace process that it would be ridiculous to even think about it in the first place. In the same vein, any compromise that purports to breach the organic link between the \$10 billion loan and the projected peace talks would be so utterly naive that it stands to undermine everything that has been painstakingly done till now to cultivate and nurture a genuine peace parley on the Middle

The White House must remain steadfast against Israeli arrogance and make this present confrontation with Tel Aviv the real test for how relations between the two countries will be based in the future. The U.S. is the U.S. and it has to be able to call the shots in its dealings with dependent states like Israel.

#### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

f1/61/4Al Ra'i daily Saturday commended a proposal by the German minister for economic cooperation to set up a consultancy group to channel economic aid to Jordan. The paper said that it is a source of satisfaction that Germany is taking the lead in this concern, but it would be more helpful if the European understanding of Jordan's plight under the present circumstances were expanded to group other countries. The paper said that development and peace are two elements that go hand in hand and indeed development and stability can contribute to the cause of universal peace. In his talks with the German minister, His Majesty King Hussein emphasised this theme and called for European help to enhance peace based on justice coupled with economic development. Jordan, which is exerting all efforts to build peace and development, is calling for the implementation of the international legitimacy and asking other countries to come to its help in this endeavour, said the paper. It said that since Jordan is a factor of peace and moderation in the Middle East and since it is in need of assistance to achieve the aspired peace and justice, Europe and the world community at large should come to the Kingdom's help. Should the world community come to the aid of Jordan in achieving peace and stability, the paper added, it would offer an example of hope and new outlook for the other countries of the world aspiring for peace and stability.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily tackled the current meeting in Amman by the Federation of Arab Writers and Authors and urged the participants to turn their attention to the serious issues plaguing the Arab Nation under the present conditions prevailing in the Arab World. Ahmad Al Misleh said that the meeting should deal with the question of continued hostile media campaign launched against Iraq, Jordan and the Palestinians because they had condemned aggression on the Arab people and the presence of foreign forces on Arab land. He said that Arab writers should refuse to succumb to the whims of Arab regimes which are considered enemies of Arab masses, should stop Israeli journalists from infiltrating Arab League meetings and should put an end to the atrocities of Arab despots against authors and writers who air their nationalist views. The Arab authors and writers should help stop the Arab Gulf regimes from violating the Arab Nation's boycott of Israeli rules, discuss means of putting an end to tampering by foreign institutions with Arab culture and should put forth a plan that can help rehabilitate the Arab writers and journalists who are being persecuted under despotic regimes, the writer added. He said that writers are creative people who can serve their nations and lead the way towards continued progress Sunday's Economic Pulse

### Jordan should also seek American guarantees

ASSUMING that the cost of absorbing a displaced Jordanian or Palestinian returnee from Kuwait to Jordan is equal to the cost of absorbing a Jewish emigrant from the Soviet Union to Israel, Jordan will need around \$15 billion over the coming five years to cope with this burden which the Jordanian economy is ill-

If the United Nations specialised commissions which visited Jordan were qualified to assess the real needs of Jordan to face up to the disastrous consequences resulting from the Gulf crisis and the ensuing first American-Arab war, then Jordan would need just below \$5 billion of immediate funds to make up for the losses, although the exact number of returnees is not yet known.

If the preliminary study the writer has conducted to estimate the economic and social costs of absorbing some 500,000 returnees from Kuwait and other Gulf states are realistic (see Jordan Times of July 21, 1991) Jordan will need around \$7.5 billion as a bare minimum to cope with this burden which is equal in relative terms to having the United States receive 40 million emigrants in one lot.

If we rely on the extremely conservative study of the Ministry of Planning, we can conclude that the absorption of the returnees and the creation of some jobs for them will require \$4.5 billion.

It is obvious that a wide variation exists when trying to determine the cost of absorbing an extensive human wave that can add 12 per cent to the population of a country over a very short period of time. The variation is not unexpected because of different assumptions and basis, especially when it comes to the final figure of returnees that may range between 300,000 and 500,000, assuming no massive expulsion of Jordanians and Palestinians from Gulf states, other than Kuwait occurs. There are also significant differences in identifying categories of costs of absorption and in attaching prices and rates for each category.

However, it is almost evident that Jordan will definitely need to raise no less than \$5 billion to cope with the consequences of a crisis that was not of its seeking nor of its making, but came about as a result of international and Western decisions, policies and practices which rendered the international community in general and the West in particular responsible for the outcome.

The Israeli government submitted to the United States of America an application for governmental guarantees to cover loans in excess of \$10 billion. The justification of these guarantees and the underlying loans is that it needs to finance the absorption of Jewish emigrants from the Soviet Union which, in the first place, should be discontinued since the Soviet Union has become a free

country and a democratic ally of America. The international community and the United States in particular, are not to be blamed for the Israeli-promoted Jewish enggration at they are responsible for the massive expulsion of Palestinians by the Knwaiti regime which was reinstated by American forces and given free hand to violate the very basic human rights.

Under the circumstances, I recommend to the Jordanian government to submit to the United States government an application for similar financial guarantees to cover loans to Jordan of up to \$5 billion to be supported by the same justifications contained in the Israeli application.

No harm may result from such a meaningful move. The president of the United States will not even find a reason to request Congress to defer the debate over the application for 120 days because the Jordanian government is not creating any obstacles in the face of the American-sponsored peace process as Mr. Shamir is doing. The Jordanian application may be accepted and thus Jordan will obtain the capital badly needed to make ends meet under the current third human wave imposed upon the country. Otherwise some Zionist members of the Congress may be embarrassed when the Israeli and Jordanian applications are discussed simultaneously. They will reveal their double standard



## ANC has skeletons in closet, dissidents say

By Anton Ferreira

JOHANNESBURG - Detention without trial, interrogation under torture, the disappearance of political opponents.. It could be a litany of African

National Congress (ANC) charges against South Africa's white rulers, but this time the accusations are levelled against the anti-apartheid movement it-

jailers were no better than their counterparts in Pretoria.

"They brought false charges South African police," said one of the group, Patrick Dlongwana. Gabriel Sethloke, whose family They forced confessions out of me with torture."

The prisoners were held in African states by the ANC during in ANC custody. the 30 years it spent as an outlawed movement waging guerrilla warfare from exile against white minority rule in South Africa.

President F.W. De Klerk last year launched reforms to end apartheid and include the newlylegitimised ANC and other black similar to those of anti-apartheid groups in the drafting of a new activists who fell foul of the South non-racial constitution.

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) first first ran into trouble with the tried to investigate conditions in ANC in his hometown of Port ANC prisons 15 years ago, but Elizabeth in the Eastern Cape the anti-apartheid movement re-

the last in its custody.

The Red Cross said it wanted to verify that the ANC had no more prisoners and would discuss the cases of about 50 people alleged to have gone missing in ANC custody.

"If the Red Cross wants to visit the empty prisons, they're free to do so," ANC President Nelson Together with senior aides, in-

elf. cluding his wife Winnie, Mr. Thirty-two former prisoners of Mandela met 17 of the 32 in an the movement returned to South effort to defuse criticism of the movement.

He promised all their complaints would be investigated and said measures would be taken to ainst me that I was a spy for the protect them against retribution. wrote a letter to the Johannes-

burg Star naming several people alleged to have disappeared while "I'm afraid of this so-called new South Africa," the letter writer said. "We are going to

have a government of crooks." According to Mr. Dlongwana and others released from ANC detention, their experiences were African government.
Mr. Diongwana, 32, said he

Province because his sympathies were with the rival Pan Africanist. The ANC agreed to allow an Congress (PAC). A petrol bomb ICRC probe only after releasing attack on his home killed his

"I went to Lusaka (the Zambian capital) in 1986 to meet senior ANC officials and sort out my problems," he said. "But they accused me of being a spy and interrogated me under torture." He said that after months in

defention an ANC tribunal sentenced him to 15 years hard labour on the basis of confessions extracted under torture. Most of his time in detention

was spent doing hard labour in Quatro camp in Angola. "We had to crush stones because prison guards said that's

what Nelson Mandela was doing on Robben Island," said Mr. Dlongwana, who describes himself as a playwright. "The ANC destroyed me poli-

tically, mentally and physically," he said. "I used to be active politically, but after what the ANC did to me I want nothing more to do with politics." He said his health had been

ruined by two hunger strikes he launched to protest at prison conditions and by beatings from ANC guards. One beating has given him epileptic fits, he said. "Sometimes in Quatro I thought it would be better to be in a South African jail."

Four other men released with him made similar allegations of wrongful imprisonment and illtreatment against the ANC. Most of the 32 promised the

ANC they would keep silent about their experiences as part of attempts at reconciliation.

### U.S. sees Castro's days numbered but fears what may come next

By Alan Elsner

WASHINGTON — U.S. officials believe the days of Fidel Castro's Cuba are numbered without Soviet support, but fear political chaos may ensue if his govern-ment begins to crumble.

"A couple of years ago, you would have said this regime is there for the duration. Now you would say that time is not finite for the continuation of the regime because it's hard to see how it could continue," one U.S. State Department official said.

He spoke shortly before Secretary of State James Baker met Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev in Moscow and received a pledge that the Soviet Union would begin talks im-mediately on withdrawing 11,000 troops from Cuba.

It was the latest of several weighty blows to Mr. Castro, who since 1959 has defiantly maintained a miliant Marxist state deep in what the United States considers its back yard 145 kilometres from the shores of

With various forms of Soviet economic aid and subsidies, estimated last year at \$3.5 billion fast drying up and with the loss of trade with former Soviet satellites in Eastern Europe, U.S. officials now believe Mr. Castro's rule is ultimately doomed, though he may hang on for a few years

But they are worried about how a transition to a new leadership, and they hope a new might be effected.

Could it be a bloodless coup by senior elements of the army or the Communist Party, or might it be another Romania, where communist dictator Nicolae Ceausescu was removed amid turmoil and heavy loss of life?

"There's worry among people on both sides of the fence in Cuba about civil strife and bloodshed in a transition," said Cole Blasier, head of the Hispanic Division of

the U.S. Library of Congress. The State Department official concurred. "We've seen all shades and forms of what can happen. It can be peaceful, it can be non-peaceful. You can't rule

out anything."
One problem is that Cuba has a relatively meagre democratic tradition to draw on and Mr. Castro prevented any sort of opposition from emerging.

The United States sees no real opposition with the exception of some small human rights groups treading an extremely careful line coup, Moscow, had put its trade to stay out of jail.

situation is so unfortunate is we can't see any opening on either Soviet commodities. the political or economic side. particularly the political side," said the official.

"If you're going to have a successor government, you're going to have some kind of infrastructure or Democratic Partybuilding and none of that is there at the moment," he said. Mr. Blasier said economic con-

worsen on the island as Moscow nearly all of its oil and three permitted to flee to Florida. quarters of its imports. Already food shortages are becoming widespread and last weekend the government even introduced

Even before last month's failed

with Cuba on a hard currency One of the reasons that the accounting basis resulting in a drastic slowdown in the arrival of

"There's no doubt that Cuba faces a bleak future in terms of Soviet largesse," said the State Department official, adding that Cuba's inefficient command economy was not capable of seeking out new forms of income.

Under these circumstances, U.S. officials intend to keep up the pressure and warn they will ditions were clearly going to not permit any attempt by Mr. Castro to relieve social and polieliminated the barter arrange- tical tensions by repeating the ment under which it overpaid for 1980 Mariel boatlift in which Cuban sugar while providing more than 100,000 Cubans were U.S. official say they have con-

tingency plans to stop another Mariel, which would probably include preventing U.S. boats from leaving U.S. shores to pick

#### **LETTERS**

### **Courtesy on the roads**

AFTER reading and hearing about the many traffic accidents in Jordan, I would like to relate some of my experiences on the Kingdom's roads hoping that some responsible authority can find a solution to lessen the unnecessary traffic-related injuries and

I have been living as a resident, working in Jordan for the past two years, and often drive a car in Amman and on the open roads leading to Madaba. I find there is a great lack of proper common sense on the part of both drivers and pedestrians. Many people take unnecessary risks to get to their destination in a great

hurry. The following are a few examples I have encountered. There are many intersections where "Stop" signs (clearly marked in Arabic and English) are not observed. I know of crossroads where drivers actually speed through a Stop sign and frantically blow their horn at anyone who gets in their way at the crossroad. One such sign which is totally ignored by almost every driver is located in Jebel Lwebdeh, in front of Terra Sancta

At this intersection there are many children walking to and from the various schools in the area. It seems a miracle that more accidents do not occur at this particular location. About a month ago I noticed that the police were monitoring this intersection and issuing tickets for traffic violation to the many drivers who passed the Stop sign without stopping. I think the police ran out of tickets, because after two days they left the area, and drivers continue to speed through the Stop sign.

The lack of giving proper signals when changing lanes and following too close in moving traffic often lead to accidents. Taxi drivers in particular seem to be guilty in this regard. I have seen taxis pass me in a great hurry, only to get in front of me and suddenly stop to allow passengers get down.

Pedestrians also take too many risks when walking on or near roads. I have seen teenage boys pretend they are going to step in front of a moving car only to pull back in time and laugh when they see the sudden alert or expression of fear on the driver's face. I have also seen groups of well-dressed young ladies walking arm in arm, blocking the road, and not moving out of it, even after a polite warning by the driver who wishes to pass them slowly. This is the case particularly on country roads and in villages. In other cases passing a group of boys, one of them pretended to push his friend in front of a moving car, pulling him back in time, giving a scare both to his friend and the driver concerned.

Another dangerous practice is the storing of building materials on the roads and blocking almost half of the road. This is particularly dangerous on two-lane roads, at night, when one approaches such an unexpected obstacle with another car arriving from the opposite direction.

These are only some of my observations of the traffic situation in Jordan. No matter how well constructed the roads are, people still need to be aware of the importance of good driving and prudent behaviour on the roads, for the good of all.

No doubt the great influx of people, with their cars into Jordan. during the past few months has resulted in many problems and the need for extra caution. Perhaps some printed reminders of essential road and traffic regulations, to encourage road safety can be prepared and distributed to all new residents in Jordan, At the same time a greater effort by teachers in schools, to encourage proper behaviour of children on the roads, can be of some help to improve safety.

I recall a motto once used to promote safe driving: "Courtesy is contagious." I think if we can get into this habit of being courteous on the roads, we would find that it does pay.

> Friar Roger Petras O.F.M., Terra Sancta College, Amman.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferrably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused

### Independence for Yugoslavia's Macedonia is trouble for Greece

By Stephen Weeks Reuter

ATHENS — A proindependence vote in Sunday's referendum in Yugoslav Macedonia is likely to bring a nasty row with neighbouring Greece and further raise tensions throughout the explosive Balkan peninsula.

The tiny, ethnically-mixed republic of 2.1 million people on Greece's northern border was expected to vote on Sunday for independence — the third Yugoslav republic to do so this year. So far Yugoslavia's bloody ethnic fighting, in which hundreds of people have been killed since June as the country breaks up, has remained within its borders.

But Greek officials have made clear that the founding of an independent state called Macedointegral part of Greece's heritage -- would poison relations in the southern Balkans.

nia - a name considered to be an stretching to the Aegean Sea and

nia'," Foreign Minister Antonis. Samaras said last week. "This would be a distortion of history and a denial of our cultural herit-

Samaras charged that officials in Skopje, capital of the Macedonian republic, have designs on Greek territory, raising the possibility that independence could lead eventually to the first crossborder clash in the Balkans since

"It is inconceivable to recognise a state when leading circles in Skopje are putting forward territorial and other claims against our country," Samaras

Yugoslav-Macedonian groups in Australia and the United States have often described themselves as "Aegean-Macedonians" and called for a new country including the northern Greek city of Şalonika.

Greece fiercely rejects claims "Greece will not recognise an by officials in Skopje that their independent state bearing the his-republic's origins reach back to torical Greek name 'macedo- the Macedonian empire of Alex-

Instead Greece claims Alexander as one of its own, who was taught by the Greek philosopher Aristotle and spread Greek culture throughout the Middle East and Central Asia during his legendary military campaigns in the fourth century BC.

President Constantine Karamanlis said over the weekend that archaeological evidence from the time of Alexander proved "a common language, religion and culture were shared by all Greeks. giving an irrefutable response to anyone who has tried to falsify the history of Macedonia."

From the Greek point of view, the present republic was created for political expediency by Yugoslav communist leader Josif Broz Tito after World War II.

Greece sees the inhabitants as primarily a Slavic group — like most of Yugoslavia's peoples which has been rewriting history to support its territorial ambi-

The row has been turning in-

ander the Great, who died in 321 creasingly nasty as Yugoslavia moves towards disintegration. The Balkan neighbours expelled some diplomats in March over

the Macedonian question. Greece is also angered by what it sees as persistent efforts by officials in Skopje to whip up international support for a Macedonian minority which it says exists in Greece. Prime Minister Constantine

"a ghost minority promoted by people outside Greece, not within it." Some historians say there was a Slavic-speaking population in areas of present-day Greece of perhaps 200,000 at the start of

Mitsotakis on Sunday denied that

such a minority existed, calling it

this century but that the number has dwindled to less than 10,000 independence-minded Yugoslav republic to call itself "the federal republic of Skopje" and renounce

any territorial claims if it wants

good relations.

In response to a question, Mr. Dierejian said that one of the most important agenda items in future multilateral negotiations will be the question of water rights because of the critical scarcity of water in the region. "We will be giving a great deal of priority to this and have already

### **Bush gets powerful supporter**

The implication of Israel succumbing to what it sees as American threats over aid is too omi-

Thorse The

traing and process as the process as the make and upon the and upon the process are the process and the process are the process and the process are the proces

ring m

. pa: Cale

in terms of

adding the

∵...nd em

He of seeking

Chinesances

i keep m

in the var

- 250 pol

- Positive the

i naheh

- :35 kgg

21.00

.... (125)

. - N.23

: ::::cû.

્રાજ્ય છે

:::217

· \_ Sinua

∴ু:ু এঠা।

n. 200

- - cab

100

. Los who

- :- লোগ

- mas

· · · ]...

. .

225 -- 1

The Paris

المدائر 5 جـاز

.....

100.00

الزي

المنظمة A. 100 A. 100 A.

. Te: 15.7

0.5.16

ž.

- 13:

nous, the sources said. It could create a dangerous precedent on the eve of a peace conference. For America's pro-Israel lobby

political parties. Excluded was

to appoint local and regional offi-

sed last month allowing the formation of opposition parties.

The appointment of Dr. Hammadi, a veteran politician with more than 25 year's experience of high office, was seen as aimed attackling the country's severe economic problems in the aftermath of the Gulf war and broadening Since the Gulf war, President government support three Saddam has announced limited the Shiite unrest in March. government support following

#### Islamists under attack — Shbeilat

(Continued from page 1) "After the Gulf war, the imple-

mentation of plans to liquidate the Palestinian cause necessitates the eliation of Islamic movements in the Arab and Islamic world," Mr. He accused the government of us-

ing its crackdown on "Prophet Mohammad's Army" to discredit all the Islamic movements and to suggest to the people that Islamists were an aggressive force.

The deputy, who is a member of the Lower House's Public Freedoms

Committee, said he knew nothing about the underground group nor about any connection it has to other parties, but he condemned all forms of violence against Jordanians inside or outside the country.

However, he referred to the released prisoners as "young entinsias-tic men who responded to the (Low-er) House's call to prepare them-selves for any possible invasion from the Zionist enemy" during the Guif

The Lower House, where the Mus-lim Brotherhood has 22 seats and 12 other sympathisers, issued a non-binding resolution in January calling for attacks on Western interests everywhere in relation for the anti-

iraq coalition's war against Iraq.
"It must be understood that we do
not support, but condemn any criminal act against Jordanians anywhere. But at the same time we also condemn all moves to exacerbate the situation and give a common label to all groups," Mr. Shbellat said. He added that if the Islamists had wanted to take part in such violent activities

they would have done so "during the days of oppression." Mr. Shbeilat said he first heard of "Prophet Mohammad's Army" when it claimed responsibility for military operations inside the Israeli-occupied territories, and that he knew nothing

taped confessions, have admitted to carrying out and plotting attacks, but they all said that they had not taken

part in any operations in the Israeli-occupied territories. ture is false," Mr. Shbeilat asserted, adding that he had not seen the video. Mr. Shbeilat, whose parliamentary committee has just released a detailed report on the treatment of released detainees, called on the government to permit visits to the detainees ac-

cused of being members of "Prophet Mohammad's Army" by their families and lawyers. He said that deputies had not been

been giving priority to this issue,"

Speaking about key priorities in South Asia, Mr. Djerejian said nuclear proliferation is "one of our most important concerns." A U.S. objective in this regard, he said, "is to get India and Pakistan to embark on a regional nonproliferation framework"

the issue is also sensitive, harking back to the days before Israel (Continued from page 1)

> "The Jewish community in the U.S. is very sensitive ... to every Jewish issue and especially to saving Jews and settling them in Israel," former Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin said on Friday.

#### **Baathist Party replaces Hammadi**

(Continued from page 1) the armed forces, where only the Baath Party will be allowed to

The conference followed nationwide Baath Party meetings

allowed to meet the detainees, and

accused the government of placing obstacles to finding out more about from visits and meeting these people and closing the door in our faces

cious," Mr. Shbeilat asserted. The deputy also challenged the government's credibility in stating that torture was not taking place and demanded that the recommendations made in the Public Freedoms Committee's report to be acted upon as soon as possible. The report called on ng all forms of torture and for the government to condemn such acts in ention centres.

Last Wednesday, Minister of In-terior Shoul issued a statement cate-gorically denying that the detainees who were held and later released were tortured.
"Concerning rumours that de-

their detention can best be countered by a report prepared by the head of the prosecution office and the public ecutor. Mr. Shoul said.

"The report absolutely refutes as about any kind of torture and the two officials had visited the and their report provided conclusive evidence that none of the detainers had reported any acts of torture by any party during the periods of deten-tion or interrogation," the minister

Mr. Shheilar said that the detainees were arrested without being charged.

These are crizens and they have the

## Mideast arms control needs international effort

United States is "determined to move in a very prudent, patient, but international effort to ensure that the peace won in Operation Desert Storm will be an enduring one," says Bruce Riedel, director for Near East and South Asian Affairs at the National Security Council.

The control of unconventional veapons "is by no means solved yet" in the Gulf region, and the countries of the area "should focus on the Iraq problem" and the implementation of the ceasefire resolution that ended the war, he said.

In a recent telephone interview with Saudi journalists, Mr. Riedel pointed out that "substantial progress" has been made since the end of the Gulf war. Germany instituted more extensive export control policies, he said, and the United States and the United Nations are encouraging other countries to do the

"The victory of the coalition forces in the Gulf also provides us with a very special and unique opportunity to review the need for such export controls on a giobal basis," Mr. Riedel said during the USIA-sponsored telepress conference.

"It would be prudent for all of us who have had the experience of seeing how Saddam's regime has repeatedly misrepresented itself to the international community to continue to keep the pressure on," he said. "The U.N. should be encouraged and supported in its efforts to carry out a very intrusive series of inspec-

U.N. Security Council Resolution 687 requires that Iraq identify and allow U.N. inspection of all its facilities and programmes for weapons of mass destruction, including nuclear, chemical, biological and missile program-

Gorbachev

questioned

(Continued from page 1)

Saturday, said the United States

wanted to support Estonia in its

efforts to establish a vibrant free-

the Baltic states as a group in

programmes we have for emerg-

ing democracies in central and

eastern Europe, and for the ba-

lance of this year we will be

lion for the three Baltic states,'

Baker told a news conference.

"We have decided to include

market economy.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY

Real Estate "R" us has an immediate opening for a creative and

energetic female manager to coordinate and supervise real

estate activities towards promoting the objectives of the office.

Beactits: Commensurate with knowledge & experience if any.

\* Must be able to speak, write and read English. Knowledge of

additional language is an advantage but not essential.

Must be able to work independently and produce original

Please bring resume & recent photo along with cover letter explaining your interest in working in real estate

The Director of Administration,

Shmelsani/Opposite to Concord Cinema. Tel: 693837 Sunday only between (9:00-1:30) & (4:00-6:30)

NIDA SAUDI

ideas after the training period is done.

become a threat to its neighbours, Mr. Riedel said.

Mr. Riedel noted, however. that "the government of Saddam Hussein has consistently misrepresented its programmes, and has engaged in a pattern of duplicity and cover-up in order to try to prevent international organisations from carrying out their mis-

Mr. Riedel said the U.N. Special Commission and the International Agency for Atomic Energy (IAEA) has successfully exposed Iraq's programmes and "pattern of duplicity and misrepresentation" in complying with Resolution 687. "The inspections have revealed the extent of Irag's weapons of mass destruction programmes, and its efforts to misrepresent those to the international community," he pointed

Resolution 707 condemned Iraq's serious violation of its obligation under Resolution 687 and demanded that Iraq provide full, final and complete disclosure of all aspects of its programmes to develop weapons of mass destruc-tion. Mr. Riedel said the United States is working with the United Nations to develop long-term monitoring of Iraq's programmes as well as its dual-use installa-

The five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council, all major arms suppliers, he said, met in July in Paris and agreed to a series of control initiatives. They agreed that they would seek to find a way to notify each other in advance of any future arms sales to the Middle East. They also agreed in principle that in the future the Middle East should become a zone free of weapons, of mass destruction,"

"The July Paris meeting of the

mes. The resolution is designed five U.N. Security Council memto ensure that Iraq does not again bers underscored the commitment of these powers not to let needs of their domestic arms industries be the driving force in their arms sales policies, but rather a more important commitment to regional peace and stability," Mr. Riedel said.

We would hope that over time, as we agree with the other four major arms suppliers in Paris, that we could move toward a process of creating a weapons of mass destruction-free zone throughout the Middle East region," Mr. Riedel said.

Nevertheless, Mr. Riedel added, "countries in the region have legitimate security needs, and they must be fulfilled through the development of conventional weapons systems in a balanced manner which will provide for the security of all those countries."

The United States seeks "to work with both the arms suppliers and the countries in the region to ensure that the level of arms is kept in a balanced and proportional way so that the security of all states of the region are enhanced. In this regard, Mr. Riedel said, "The United States is fully aware of the legitimate security needs of our friends in the region.'

He noted that Saudi Arabia "has been a full partner with the United States and the U.N. in its efforts to bring about arms control and peace in the region.'

He said both Egypt and Turkey have shown consistently strong support for regional stability and for the defence of the countries of

"The Kingdom of Sandi Arabia, and the other countries of the Gulf Cooperation Council, have proven again and again their support of regional security and have agreed to attend as observers at the October (Middle East) peace conference and to work with the peace process," Mr.

## Obey supports delay of Israel loan guarantees

following statement was released Sept. 10 by Wisconsin Congressman Dave Obey, chairman of the House Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations and Export Financing:

"I talked to both President (George Bush) and Secretary of State (James Baker) before the congressional recess and to Secretary Baker last week.

"I have expressed my strong support for administration efforts to move the peace process for-ward and for its request to delay consideration for additional Israeli aid in the form of loan guarantees for 120 days.

The president's request is perfectly reasonable. This opportunity for progress in the region is in all likelihood the last and best we will have for a long, long time. It is essential that the administration and Congress act together in order to maximise American in-

"I would hope that the administration would accompany its request for delay of the loan guarantees

WASHINGTON (USIA) — The with a delay in arms sales to all parties in the region. We have a right to expect Israeli cooperation in seeking peace, but we also have a right to expect Arab cooperation and such a suspension in arms sales would drive that message home as well.

"I would hope that Israel and challenge the president's request.

"With all of the needs we have at home, the American public has had it with a lot of countries who feel that they are automatically entitled to American foreign assistance. There is no doubt that Israel will need some additional assistance. But when it comes, that assistance will not receive the public support it needs unless it is clear that the president feels it is in the interest of the United States to provide it.

"It would be extremely unwise for Israel or its supporters to press ahead for additional assistance at this time in the teeth of presidential opposition because such an effort would. I believe. result in much less public support for aid to Israel in the long term."

## Experts applaud Bush stance on Israel loan guarantee

Washington (USIA) — A panel of U.S. experts have voiced strong support for the Bush administration's efforts to convene a Middle East peace conference next month, and for its attempt to delay action on Israel's request for a \$10,000 million loan guarantee for the absorption of Soviet Jewish immigrants.

Dean Fischer, Middle East bureau chief of Time magazine and former assistant secretary of state for public affairs during the Reagan administration, said he was "delighted that the administration has seen fit to take on" the Israeli government on this issue. "It is important," he said, "to let them know there are limits

to American generosity."
The Sept. 9 panel discussion which was sponsored by the U.S.-Arab Chamber of Commerce, also dealt with a number of other issues relating to the Middle East, including post-war security throughout the region.

The other panelists were Sandra Charles, a former national Security Council official who recently joined the International Planning and Analysis Centre (IPAC); John Thomson, a senior vice president of the Olavan Financing Company who served as commercial counselor at the U.S. embassy in Riyadh from 1983 to 1987; and moderate John O'Sullivan, editor of National Review magazine.

Pointing to the growing number of requests for U.S. aid from other parts of the world - notably Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union - Ms. Charles said it is "remarkable" that "we continue to give aid to Israel, without conditions, including the types of conditions that are good for

In particular, she and the other panelists sharply criticised Israel's

policy of allowing its Jewish citizens to settle on the occupied West Bank. Not only does this directly contradict U.S. policy, but it also presents a major obstacle to peace talks, they said.

The growing number of Israeli Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank is "very humiliating" to Secretary of State James Baker, who has described the settlements as "the most serious obstacle to peace" in the region, Ms. Charles said. She added that their very existence, in spite of U.S. protests, "challenges the ability of the United States to moderate this process."

Although she acknowledged that any peace process would be long and difficult, Ms. Charles stressed that the willingness of most of the major parties to begin talks offers an unprecedented opportunity. "Never before have we been able to get the parties to sit down for a dialogue," she said. "It is an important first step, and in some ways constitutes success in and of itslef."

Mr. Fischer also noted that "no one should expect a quick, Camp David-style resolution" of the Arab-Israeli conflict. He pointed out that the Bush administration has suggested that Israelis and Palestinians engage in three to five years of "confidence building" before attempting to resolve all their differences. "Almost by definition," Mr. Fischer said, "we're talking about a lengthy Drocess.

Nevertheless, he underlined that the proposed conference offers "the only realistic hope" for peace in the region, and noted that Israel would be a prime beneficiary of any movement towards a lasting peace. Progress in that direction

would allow Israel to focus on its

including the absorption of new immigrants -- "which really have: not been addressed because of concerns about security," said

Mr. Fischer. Turning to security concerns throughout the region, Ms. Charles praised the administration's decision to continue to isolate Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein, whose "antics since last spring... have further discredited him and his regime." Pointing specifically to the "shell game he played with his nuclear programme," Ms. Charles said that Saddam Hussein "has continued to reinforce the administration's belief... that he is not to be trusted, and that so long as he remains in power, Iraq will suffer."

She also praised efforts by the United States, its coalition partners and the United Nations to improve security cooperation among the Gulf states, as well as to exercise more control over arms sales to the region.

One "key development" that will positively affect the region well into the future, Ms. Charles said, "is the emergence of the U.N. in the role for which it was created 40 years ago."

She noted that countries are increasingly relying on the U.N. for peacekeeping efforts or sponsorship of peace conferences, and offering supplies, manpower and funds to the organisation. "What this signals," Ms. Charles said, "is an awareness that force can no longer be used to end disputes, and that the burden of responsibility for preserving the new world order must be shared by

Thus, despite the challenges that remain, "the future has never looked brighter," for the Middle East, she said.

unemployment

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israel's un-

employment rate rose to 10.8 per

cent in the second quarter this

year, pushed up by the continuing

influx of Soviet Jewish immig

The figure, from the Central Bureau of Statistics, was the high-

est since a record 12.4 per cent

jobless rate in the first quarter of

Israeli

rants.

rate rises

### Syria: Loan guarantees will kill Mideast peace

DAMASCUS (R) — Syria said Saturday Middle East peace would be doomed if Washington submitted to Israeli pressure for

The official daily Tishreen said differences between U.S. President George Bush and hardline Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir were "a test of strength between U.S. pragmatism and the Zionist lobby.

"Submission to the Israeli blackmail in the conflict between destroy peace efforts but threatens the interests of the Americans themselves," it said. Mr. Bush has pledged to veto \$10 billion in loan guarantees for Israel to win a 120-day pause for

Middle East peace. He accused some of Israel's supporters in Congress of trying to prevent him from taking steps vital to U.S. Security by pursuing Middle East peace.

Tishreen said Mr. Bush's demand for the delay in loan guarantees showed he wanted to lay a "cornerstone for the future dealing between Washington and Tel Aviv."

"The successive U.S. administrations used to allow Israel and its supporters of the Zionist lobby to decide the foreign policy of the U.S. especially the Middle East policy ...," it said.
Saudi Arabian commentators on Saturday praised Mr. Bush for threatening to use his veto over the loan guarantees sought by

The daily Al Yom said Mr. Bush's tough line against Israel "confirms the credibility and seriousness of the American administration to practise all means to impose a just and lasting peace in the region.'

The official Saudi Press Agency (SPA) quoted the paper as saying that peace in the Middle East could not be achieved if Israel insisted on obtaining the aid "whose aim is to build more (Jewish) settlements in the occupied Arab territories."

Another Saudi paper, Okaz, said Mr. Bush's statement Thursday left "no doubt that the new international order has effectively started to impose itself on new relationshins.

"For the first time in its (42year-old) history, Israel is facing a genuine challenge to its greed and continuation in its intransigent policies towards the Palestinian people," SPA quoted the paper as saying in an editorial. "Israel should now realise that

the times which it used for achiev-

ing its aims are now working

against it," it added.

1967 at the end of a deep two year It marked an increase from 10 period and compared with 10.2 per cent in the second quarter of

1990, bureau statistics indicated. The bureau said that an average of 178,000 people sought work each week in the second quarter.

More than 300,000 Soviet Jews have arrived in Israel since 1989. when the Soviet Union relaxed exit policy.

The Bank of Israel, the country's central bank, has predicted that the rate could rise to 14 per cent unless job-creation programmes are initiated to absorb the Soviet newcomers.

Menachem Porush, deputy minister for labour and social affairs, said in a statement that unless "drastic action" is taken, the number of unemployed people could reach 250,000.

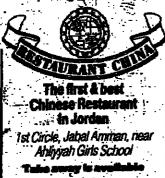
## THE PROFESSIONALS

PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING, DOOR-to DOOR SERVICES AND DELIVERIES, CLISTOMS CLEARANCE, TICKETS AND RESERVATIONS.

ALWAYS CHOOSE

THE RELIABLE

AMIN KAWAR & SONS P.O.BOX 7806



Open daily 12:00-3:30

7:00 - Midnight







**CHEN'S** CHINESE RESTAURANT Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing Estate, near Kilo Supermarket Mongolian Barbeque for Lunch Friday only Tel: 818214 Come and taste our specialities : Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 6:30 - Midnight



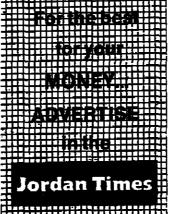
• JUMBO photo sise 30% larger 🖈 Free enlargement 20 x 30 cm

Stancisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891



Once Tested

Always Loved



LOOKING

**FOR A PLACE** 

TO RENT IN

WEST AMMAN

**CALL SOHA** 

AT

Saudi Real Estate

687821/22





**Expatriates and** 

Businessmen



The International

Russian Circus

s aday at 5:30 and 8:30 p.m

Tta Al Ali - the University

## Ottey, Ngugi clock 3rd fastest times in history

Ottey and John Ngugi gave consummate exhibitions of sprinting and long distance running respectively at the Brussels Grand Prix Friday.

Jamaican Ottey ran the third fastest time in history for the women's 200 metres while Ngugi, running alone for a third of the race, clocked the third fastest time ever for the men's 10,000.

Ottey, determined to atone for her bitter disappointment at the Tokyo World Championships where she collected bronze medals in both the women's sprint events, clocked 21.64 seconds. Only American Florence Griffith

Joyner has run faster. Ngugi, the Olympic 5,000 metres champion who could not even qualify for the Kenyan World Championships team, loped easily around the track on a cool evening to win the 10,000 by more than 40 seconds in 27 minutes 11.62 seconds.

Although he failed in his bid to break Arturo Barrios's world record, the four times world cross country champion is now behind only the Mexican and compatriot Richard Chelimo in the all-time

Two other Kenyans, both world champions, made bold but ultimately abortive world record attempts in the penultimate Grand Prix of the season.

Moses Kiptanui clocked a year's best of 8:06.46 in the 3,000 metres steeplechase while Yobes Ondieki, looking as tired as he felt, won the 5,000 in 13:21.79. "You can't push the body when

BRUSSELS (R) - Merlene it doesn't want to go," Ondieki said. "I felt so tired... the season has been so long. I obtained my major goal — the world title.'

Kiptami said: "I guess I'm too tired, it's only my first year at the American world champion Michael Johnson, who has made

the 200 metres his own special preserve in the last two years, ran a season's best of 19.89. He is the only person to break 20 seconds "Merlene Ottey inspired me

today," Johnson said. "I thought if she can do that well, so can I.' The feature race of the night, the men's 1,500, also failed to produce a world record but con-

firmed that Nourredine Morceli is

untouchable over four laps. The world champion took over from pacemaker Edger de Oliveira on the fianl lap then accelerated in the straight to beat

off a challenge from Britain's Peter Elliott and win in 3:32.38. Elliott, the Commonwealth champion who was forced to withdraw from the World Championships with tendon trouble, set off in pursuit of Morceli at the bell but could not match the Algerian's speed over the final 80

The first part of the evening at a meeting which now rates only behind Zurich in prestige on the Grand Prix circuit belonged to

The 31-year-old Jamaican was fast out of the blocks, ran brilliantly on the turn and won going away from world silver medallist Gwen Torrence of the United



Meriene Ottey

"I just didn't want to finish the season on a bad note," the world's premier women's sprinter over the past two years said. "If I win the 100 at next year's Barcelona Olympics, then I'll win

Ngugi was similarly impressive, striding on his own through the September mist after the last of his pacemakers had stepped

"My big goal is to break the world record at 10,000," he said. "I believe I can run below 27

Meanwhile, the French Athletics Federation decided Friday to apologise for the behaviour of its silver medal winning men's sprint relay team at the World Athletics Championships in Tokyo.

The French 4x100 metres team were heavily criticised in the dent.

media for their attitude at the medals ceremony on Sept. 1 in Tokyo when they refused to shake hands with the victorious U.S. quartet and snubbed the American national anthem.

After a disciplinary hearing in Paris Friday, the French Federation condemned the four athletes for their "serious failing" and said it would apologise to the International Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF).

Bruno Marie-Rose, who nonchalantly put one foot on the upper step of the victory podium while the U.S. anthem was played, was the only member of the French team at the hearing.

The French Federation said Max Moriniere, Jean-Charles Trouabal and Daniel Sangouma were abroad but that the athletes had expressed regret for the inci-

### Toulon wins St. Leger

DONCASTER, England (R) -French raider Toulon, a flop as joint favourite in the Epsom Derby, made glorious amends Saturday by battling to victory in the St. Leger, final classic of the

English horse racing season. Champion jockey Pat Eddery, riding the 5-2 Favourite to Perfection, collared 6-1 shot Saddlers' Hail, the mount of John Reid, in the final furlong (200 metres) and held on gamely to win by one and half lengths.

Lester Piggott, bidding for a record-equalling ninth St Leger success, finished third another 15 lengths away on 13-2 chance Micheletti.

There was drama shortly after the start of the 14-furlong (2.9 km) event when the 10-strong field had to swerve to avoid a man and a boy sitting on the

As the runners passed, the man gestured to the riders before scurrying away with the boy under the roming rail.

After pace-setting Arcadian Heights and Jahafil gave way turning into the long straight, Saddlers' Hall raced into a four lengths lead with three furlones (600 metres) to travel.

But Toulon, trained by Andre Fabre, quickly closed the gap and Eddery always looked to have the apper hand.

Toulon won the Chester Vase in May but finished a well-beaten ninth in the Derby where he may not have handled the switchback Epsom track.

Piggott, who deserted Royal Ascot winner Saddlers' Hall to ride Micheletti for his old friends Charles St Goerge and trainer Henry Cecil, has now been placed 20 times in the Leger.

### Suave Dancer wins Irish champion stakes

DUBLIN (R) — French derby re-match next month with Genereffortless win in the Irish Champion Stakes Group 1 horse race the Irish Derby. Saturday.

The 6-4 on favourite, ridden with great confidence by American Cash Asmussen, beat 8-1 Stagecraft, the 5-1 mount of

Steve Cauthen, was two lengths further back in third place. Suave Dancer had not run for 77 days and this impressive victory was a perfect preparation for

winner Suave Dancer swept to an ous, the English Derby winner effortless win in the Irish Cham-

Asmussen was quietly confident the might be able to reverse placings rext time around. "In the Arc I think he is going to be chance Environment Friend by a on the top of his game. I think we very comfortable four lengths. can be within shouting distance of Generous."

Asmussen was careful not to give Suave Dancer a hard race on the rain-eased ground at Dublin's Leopardstown Track. "He pretty much coasted," the jockey said his Prix de L'Arc de Triomphe with obvious satisfaction.

#### LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) This is your time to make sure you do handle all usual social interests in a ierech an to 90st.

now find you are able to come to a whole new accord with whomever you have any sort of partnership interests to

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You can get lots of projects done in well as make your surroundings much more attractive then they have been for sometime past so keep pluging along.

GENERAL (May 21 to June 21) One of

those days when you can have a very happy time by going off to the places and with the persons who attract and appeal to you the most.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Whatever you would like to do hat
does require some skillful manocurving
at home so you can get your family to do
what you want can produce fine results.

LEO: (July 22 to Angust 21) Your interest in seeling and being with close

companions be they relative or personal companions is fine but first show you

VIRIGO: (August 22 to September 22)
A day to think big so that you can later
make some pretty expansive conditions
for yourself so be with those of stature

SAGRITARIUS: (November 22 to D.

CAPRICORPS: (December 27 to Jamesty 27) You can state your world) ambitions directly to that concerns when is in a position to give you a boost where it sid you the soost so do so.

AQUARRIE: (James 21 to Polymey 19) This is your fine to make sure you do handle these new activities in your

PESCES: (February 20 to March 20) This is a beautiful day for you to show much alice that you want to coordinate your efforts with thous so that emelion

Testay's child: If your child were bore today she or he doep within will have a wonderful understanding of jest what is necessary to chart for their vocations path that will bring a big tesponse. This exacting and particular inflividus! Eles to have the opportunity to reduce their ideas to a perfect forwards that is flavour than in a proper detail.

"The stars impel, they do not com L." What you make of your life i

#### gymnastics title American wins world

INDIANAPOLIS, Indiana (R)

pionships Friday. Zmeskal, 15, barely outpointed champion Svetlana Boguinskaya American Betty Okino, Soviet Shannon Miller.

scored 9.937 on the uneven bars, 9.962 on the vault and balance beam and clinched the title with a 9.987 on the floor exercise, a routine for which two of three of six judges awarded her a perfect

petition was in the post-event press conference between Boguinskaya, the defending world all-around champion, and

Zmeskal's trainer Bela Karolyi. Boguinskaya, 18, received a 9.962 on the vault, 9.912 on the uneven bars and the balance beam and 9.950 on the floor

competition had been held in Europe," said Boguinskaya, who

"America is America. When

The response enraged Karolyi, the Romanian native who coached Nadia Comaneci to an Olympic title in 1976 and did the same with Mary Lon Retton in

"Boguinskava is a beautiful

over... how can you talk about the judges? We had only two judges (of 24) in the whole competition. It is not sporting to suggest an advantage."

The two gymnasts were a study in contrast. Zmeskal, 15, is the shorter of the two and appears to compete without fear.

Boguinskaya, 18, is a page from a classical era - longlimbed and elegant, the finest dancer in the competition.

"This is like a dream for me," Znfeskal said. "When they announced the award for me instead of Svetlana, I was almost scared to walk up there because I

#### **SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Little League season starts Friday

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Amman Little League soccer season begins Friday with an opening ceremony at the American School fields in Amman. The league was established to satisfy the needs of children's physical activities. The priority in acceptance for the little league is for the kids whose parents are volunteers. Indeed, the parents themselves will coach and participate in different roles. The soccer league, anthorised by its committee and commissioners, has divided the squads into four major divisions: tots, juniors, mids, and seniors.

#### Forget, Delaitre reach Bordeaux final

BORDEAUX (R) - Unseeded Olivier Delaitre sprung another surprise Saturday to set up an all-French final with top seed Guy Forget in the 300,000 Bordeaux Men's Tennis Tournament. Delaitre, who had earlier accounted for second seed Jonas Svensson of Sweden and seventh seed Alexander Mronz of Germany, added the scalp of compatriot Thierry Champion, seeded three. The world's 83rd-ranked player needed little more than an hour to win 6-3 6-1 against Champion, who said later he was handicapped by a thigh injury. Champion said afterwards he may have to pull out of France's Davis Cup team to face Yugoslavia next week in a World Group semifinal.

### S. Korean retains WBA title

SEOUL (R) — South Korean Park Yung-Kyan dominated Venezuelan Eloy Rojas to retain his World Boxing Association (WBA) featherweight title with a unanimous points decision over 12 rounds Saturday. Park, 24, came roaring out in the first round, briefly knocking down the challenger, and was unrelenting until the final bell. His punches often lacked accuracy but his non-stop lefts and rights forced the challenger to keep back-pedalling. Making his second defence of the title he took from Venezuela's Antonio Esparragoza in March, Park was never in trouble throughout the fight in the southwestern city of Mokpo. The three judges scored it 118-110, 116-111 and 118-113. The win was Park's 20th, 12 by knockouts, against one defeat. Rojas, the WBA's number one contender, suffered his first defeat after 22. wins, 21 by knockouts, during a five-year professional career.

- Kim Zmeskal of the United States won the gold medal in a controversial women's all-around competition, but the defending champion from the Soviet Union said the judges were unfair at the World Gymnastics Cham-

silver medallist and defending of the Soviet Union, 39,848 to 39.736. Romania's Cristina Bontas took the bronze followed by Tatiana Gutsu and American

Zmeskal, the first American to win a world all-around title, that I would have won if this

dicted Saturday that his country

would sweep to victory in the

Barcelona Olympics despite los-

ing talented athletes from the

newly-independent Baltic states.

think that in terms of golds we

can beat Germany, the United States and China," said Nikolai

Rusak, head of the Soviet Sports

Committee and effective minister

He told Reuters in an interview

the forecast was based on de-

tailed studies which the Soviet

Union prepares before every

Olympics: "We are rarely wrong.

There may a difference of two to

five medals, but the calculations

Soviet chances in the Albertville

Winter Olympics in February, citing poor training results so far

in skating, ski jumping and bobs-

leigh.
"We think that we'll be com-

WITH OMAR SHARIF

North-South vulnerable. West

EAST

4 Q 7 5

South

4 Q J 5 2

₹Ã 3QJ107

+A3 +64 TJ10982 T76543

SOUTH

The bidding:
West North East
Dbl 3 ?

DЫ 4 ф

♠ K 10 9 8 7 ⊽ K Q 0 6 5

3 ♥ Pess

Opening lead: King of :-When the enemy threat is there

for all to see, don't just ignore it. Take what steps you can in an at-tempt to neutralize it.

Over North's takeout double,

East took advantage of the vulnera-

bility to preempt to the three-level

with a hand that most would be

happy to consign to the garbage pail. South had just enough to enter the auction freely, and North's raise to

**#** 10 9 8 2

WEST

GOREN BRIDGE

KILL THE THREAT

Rusak was less optimistic about

for sport.

are very exact."

"In the summer games we

mark of 10.0. Some of the most spirited com-

"I am 100 per cent convinced

ty of gold and other medals we'll

lose to Germany in the winter

In 1988 the Soviet Union led

the medals tables at both the

winter and summer games. Their

grand total of 66 golds was 20 more than second-placed east

But prospects for 1992 have

been clouded by political turmoil

leigh and several field events.

three looked set to field their own

Olympic teams, independent

from the Soviet Union, subject to

the apparent formalisation of an

agreement next week by the In-

ternational Olympic Committee

But he said Baltic athletes pick-

ed to represent the Soviet Union

in Barcelona in sports such asvolleyball and handball, where

West led the king of diamonds, on which East followed with the deuce.

Prospects for the defense were not very bright. The only fast tricks

available were the ace-king of diamonds and ace of spades. If there was a setting trick available, it

suit. East's deuce of diamonds was distressing to West. It meant declarer

held at most two diamonds and that,

left to his own devices, declarer

would be able to obtain two discards on dummy's diamonds. If that hap-pened, the chances for a club trick

There was just one hope—declar-er had to have started with four clubs and no more than five trumps.

West continued with the ace of dia

monds and another, on which a club

was discarded from the closed hand. Declarer could see what was coming.

and in an attempt to forestall the

defense's schemes. South wasted no

time in leading a trump. But West grabbed the ace of spedes and led a

fourth diamond, and East's six of

spades was a defensive boon. Al-

there was no place to park the club loser. Twist and turn as much as possible, declarer still had to con-

cede a club trick at the end-down

though declarer could overruff,

would go aglimmering.

Rusak acknowledged that the

games." he said.

claimed she was badly underscored on the vault and the ba-

you're competing at home, you get higher scores. The judges weren't especially fair."

gymnast," Karolyi said in front of both competitors, "but with all due respect to her, her time is stead of Svetlana, I was all scared to walk up there because wasn't sure I heard right."

"We think athletes who have

Soviets predict Olympics triumph without Baltics MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet peting on equal terms with Gerthe selection process is virtually joint property of all republics — Union's top sports official premany and Norway, but in quanticompleted, should be allowed to including the Baltics, which host the country's only bobsleigh

training run and one of its key ski

won the right to take part in the Soviet team should be able to Republican sports chiefs sent an urgent appeal to President Mikhail Gorbachev this week to compete in Barcelona. Political decisions shouldn't affect a percancel laws forcing them to sell 40 son's right to take part in the per cent of their hard currency earnings to the foreign trade bank Rusak said that despite the fragmentation of the country, Soviet sports facilities would remain the and pay a further 30 per cent in

#### in the country and the loss of the three Baltic republics, whose athletes excel in basketball, bobs-

rem





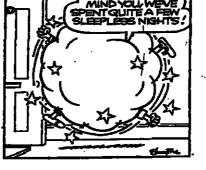


### **Andy Capp**

Peanuts







#### Mutt'n'Jeff

A STANDARD CONTRACTOR OF THE STANDARD CONTRACTOR OF THE STANDARD CONTRACTOR OF THE STANDARD AND CONTRACTOR OF THE STANDARD CONTRA

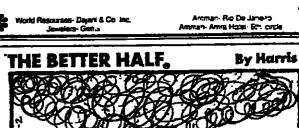


#### HOROSCOPE

PORECAST FOR SUNDAY SEPTEMBER IS, 1996 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Cerroll Flighter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A lot of and respect you stuck more, people that are bathbling over with people that are bathbling over with people that morning won't be later on this evening when the full effect of Moon square Sun takes over. Try to remain out going and creative. SCORPIO: (October 23 to Nam SCORPEN (Cleaner 22 to remember 21) A wanderful day for you to four-oughly enjoy yourself in the highly subjective and intense fullen line! makes the most to you so here a lappy ARDES: (March 21 to April 19) You

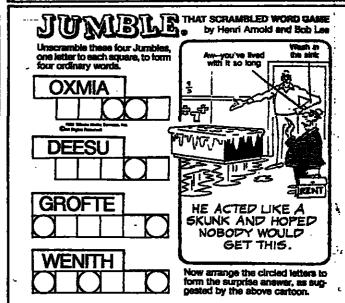
SAGITTARRIES: (recompose 22 to De-cession 21) You now can see printy clearly how to please though the ac-qualistances and how to attain the per-sonal windes that are important to you.



\* Rendy-made exclusively designed jewellery.

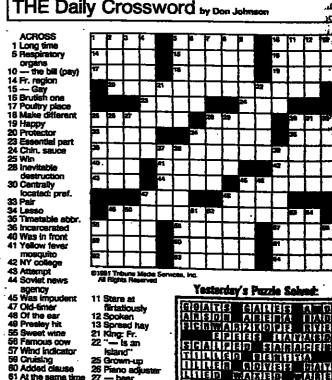
'I'm cooking my eggs in the toaster

because the walk to the stove is too far.'

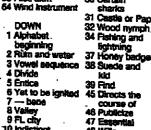


Print enswer here: | Jumbles: SOAPY - GRIPE BRUTAL SHREWD

Answer: What that chronic skeptic was never in doubt THE Daily Crossword by Don John







COURSE OF 46 Publicize 47 Essential 48 Willow

49 San —, CA . 50 Length times width

53 Sociazione s delight 54 Leg joint 55 Butter square

Financial Markets .





Currency	New York Close	New York Clase
	Date 12/9/1991	Desc 13/9/1991
Sterling Pound	1.7320	1.7297
Deutsche Mark	1.6860	1.6900
Swiss Franc	1.4768	1.4802
French Franc	- 5.7360	5.7525
Japanese Yen		134.80
European Curreny Unit	1.2140	1-2150
* HSD Per STC		

Eurocurrency Interest Ra	rtes .		Date:	13/9/1991
Ситемсу	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTH
U.S. Dellar	5.37	5.37	5.56	5.75
Sterling Pound	10.37	10.00	9_93	9.93
Deutsche Mark	9.06	9.00	9.18	9.25
Swiss Franc	8.06	8:06	7.87	7.68
French Franc	9.12	9_18	9.25	9.37
Japanese Yen	7.00	6.50	6_31	6.12
European Currency Unit	9.56	9.56	9.62	9.75

Precious N	letels	-		Date:	13/9/1991
Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm*	Metal	USD/Oz	JD/Gm
Gold	344.65	6.80	Silver	4.01	.090
° 21 Karat	-	-			

	Date	e 14/9/19
Сытевсу	Bid	- Offer
U.S. Dollar	.687	.688
terling Pound	1.1883	1.1942
Deutsche Mark	.4069	_4089
iwiss Franc	.4646	-4669
French Franc	.1195	.1207
lapanese Yen*	.5121	_51 <b>4</b> 7
Dutch Guilder	_3613	.3631
wedish Krona	.1714	-1120
tajian Lica*	.0543	-0546
Selgian Franc	.01971	.01981

Other Currencies	Date:	14/9/1991
Сигтепсу	, Bid	Offer
Bahraini Dinar	1.7700	1.7750
Lebauese Lira*	.0770	.0772
Sandi Riyal	.1829	1837
Kewaiti Dinar	- 1	· · ·
Qatari Riyal	.1860	1870
Egyptian Pound	.2050	.2150
Omani Riyal	1.7300	1.7450
UAE Dirham	-1860	.1870
Greek Drackma*	.3620	.3700
Cypriot Pound	1.4600	1.5000

Ď.

The second second

ec 60250 ae 3550 33730

9.5

ZABB.

## Fed cuts U.S. interest rates; some say economy needs more decaying Soviet oil industry

WASHINGTON (R) — The U.S. central bank, the Federal Reserve Board, has lowered its key discount rate to the lowest level in 18 years but already analysts wonder if it's enough to keep the economic recovery on

The Fed Friday cut the rate to five per cent, from 5.5 per cent, to persuade companies and consumers to borrow and spend, to spur demand and production and

to put more people to work.

The central bank also pushed down the overnight federal funds rate to 5.25 per cent from 5.5 per

But many analysts say the economy may need more help, and predicted further cuts this year to help shake the country loose from its 14-month recession.

"It's not going to stimulate any great economic growth. It will prevent a slippage into another recession," said Ward McCarthy, managing director at Stone and McCarthy.

"I expect they will ease again before the end of the year," he

Boston Company, said, "There's just no comph in the economy and

47,000 workers of a state-run oil

company stayed away from their

jobs for the fifth day Friday.

virtually paralysing fertiliser and

cooking gas production.

The strike by Oil and Natural

Gas Commission (ONGC) work-

ers is to protest the killing of a colleague who was being held by

separatist rebels in Assam, the

northeastern state where India's

richest onshore oil fields are lo-

The strikers also want the gov-

ernment to secure the release of

four other officials of the oil

company who still are in the

An oil company official said

the government is losing 250 mil-

lion rupees (\$9.67 million) a day

. Except for emergency services, all drilling and exploration opera-

tions have stopped, said the offi-

cial speaking on condition of

rebel's custody.

because of the strike.

Strike cripples India's

gas, fertiliser industries

slashed its rate to 8 per cent from at best it's mounting only a little, little bit of a recovery.

He predicted another cut in a month or two unless there were signs of growth and new lending

The U.S. Chamber of Commerce also said the half a point cut in the discount rate was not

The country's econony has shown only sporadic sings of a rebound from the recession that began in July 1990, and some fear it might be slipping back into

In announcing the discount rate cut, the central bank said it acted because money supply growth was weak, inflation was moderate and it was concerned about the potency of the economic recovery. The move came on the heels of

retail sales fell 0.7 per cent in August and consumer prices moved up only 0.2 per cent. The Fed's action had some immediate effect — several major commercial banks lowered the

only eight days of crude oil stock.

However, stocks of gasoline, kerosene and diesel will last

another 30 to 40 days, it said.

over, the newspaper said.

Stocks of liquefied petroleum

Petroleum Minister B. Shankaranand's talks Friday with the

workers to end the strike were

of B.S. Raju, an assistant execu-

Raju and another ONGC official.

Chittaranjan Mahanty, if the gov-

ernment did not release 16 jailed

The government refused.

The front wants Assam to

cede from India, claiming the

federal government siphons away

government reports that showed

8.5 per cent. The White House, which has

long encouraged lower interest rates as a way to pull the economy out of the recession, welcomed the moves by the Fed.

"It's good news," White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater told reporters. "I don't think there's any doubt that we're coming out of the recession."

Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady said he hoped Friday's move would be followed by others, adding, "it is extremely important that Fed policy support the economic recovery.

The White House had pushed for lower rates to spur the economy ahead of the presidential election next year.

But Democrats said the Fed action had be followed by commercial bank cuts in interest rates

Charles Schumer, a Democratic congressman from New York. said the Fed had lowered the discount rate four times the past 10 months "but the big banks prime lending rate they give their big corporate customers. New continue to charge outrageous credit card rates of 19 per cent York's Morgan Guaranty Turst, Co., the nation's fourth largest,

#### Job losses dog British recovery NEW DELHI (AP) - About er said Friday India is left with

LONDON (R) — Year-on-year inflation in Britain fell to 4.7 per cent in August, according to official data released Friday which prompted Prime Minister John gas or cooking gas are almost Major to say the problem of rising living costs had been defe-

> But growing unemployment showed that he still faces a difficult task to prove the economy is on the road to recovery after a deep, year-long recession.
>
> The inflation rate was the

The strike began Monday, a day after the bullet-riddled body lowest in more than three years tive engineer in the oil company, and was down from 5.5 per cent was found near a railroad track in in July, according to official figures measuring the retail prices index (RPI). The RPI had peaked at 10.9 per cent late last Mr. Raju was kidnapped July 1 by the separatist United Liberation Front of Assam. The miliyear after being as low as 3.3 per tants had threatened to kill Mr. cent in early 1988.

Mr. Major, who must call a general election by next July, said the latest drop showed inflation had been defeated.

"I think we can be confident now that we have got inflation licked in a way we have not seen for many years," he said. Other ministers said it was

clear the government would meet its target of an RPI of under four per cent by the end of 1991, probably below that of Germany, Europe's strongest economy.

"Our rate of inflation is now below the average of the European Community and over the next few months it is set to fall further to levels comparable with the best in Europe," said chancellor of the Exchequer Norman Lamont. .

# Fast legislation needed to aid

By Simon Cameron-Moore view Reuter

LONDON - Russia, which grabbed control of the world's biggest national oil and gas industry from the central Soviet government last week, now must unravel the legal knots delaying urgently needed foreign invest-

"The number of interlocking jurisdictions are like the famous Russian dolls," says Ronald Freeman, first vice-president for merchant banking at the London-based European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

Russian Republic President Boris Yeltsin said last week the Kremlin's central planners no longer had a job looking after oil, gas and the rest of the energy sources within the republic's bor-

Mr. Yeltsin has to find a way to reverse years of neglect of country's biggest cash cow - its oil-

Production has plunged to less than 10 million barrels per day (bpd) from 12.8 million as recently as 1988.

Another year of decline at this rate and Saudi Arabia, already pumping 8.5 million bpd and established as the world's biggest oil exporter, will be able to claim the additional title of number one producer.

The cost of getting Soviet output back to heights reached in the late 1980s would be almost \$30 billion, based on a cost starting at around \$10,000 for each barrel added to capacity, the EBRD's Mr. Freeman said in an inter-

"It's the industry they are giving the highest priority because of the need for foreign exchange,"

Soviet oil exports averaged around 2.3 million bpd in the first half of 1991, 26 per cent below levels of a year earlier.

Oil and gas exports provide 60 per cent of Soviet hard currency earnings and every cent is needed. Moscow has made a plea Contract, property and tax for \$6 billion worth of urgent laws need to be established.

accounts for 90 per cent of Soviet frastructure funding in enteroil output, is willing to take on 55 to 65 per cent of the \$60 billion Soviet external debt, according to the chairman of its central bank last month.

Bankers and negotiators for Western firms in Moscow said the transfer of control of the oil industry to the Russian Republic would help clarify part of what is otherwise a very murky environment in which to make deals.

But Russia has a lot to do to get the money moving. While Western geologists are impressed by underground ormations from the Caspian Sea to Sakhalin Island north of Japan,

lawyers working on negotiations for joint ventures and exploration and production concessions are "From the Western companies viewpoint the country represents the last forntier for low cost (oil

and gas) reserves. There are several Alaskan North slopes out there," said George Reese, auditor Ernst and Young's managing partner in Moscow.

But only about three oil and

gas production joint ventures are operating, although more are agreed at a protocol level.

The de facto result of the coup's failure (last month) is that all the power lies with the republics ... but we have to wait for the law to catch up with reality," said Humphrey Harrison, whose consultancy, European Energy Environment, is involved in several

joint-venture negotiations.

Another problem is a tradition The Russian Federation, which in Russia of including social inprises. Oil companies are running up against demands to build schools, hospitals and housing.

"An oil company doesn't want to own a school," said Mr. Freeman, but he added that ways must be found to satisfy such needs.

Getting a legal framework in place to ease the way for foreign money could take one to two years, said Robert Scallon, director of Barciays Bank's export and projects department with responsibility for Central and Eastern

back on track should take between three to five years, he added\_

there will be half a dozen more registered by the year end," said Mr. Ernst and Young's Mr. Reese, whose company is involved in talks on 30 to 40 joint

Since the EBRD opened last April it has begun talks with about 10 major companies look-

### Soviet deficit could be \$333b

MOSCOW (AP) The Soviet budget deficit is likely to surpass 200 billion rubles (\$333 billion) at the official rate this year, the Finance Ministry has revealed.

The TASS news agency said the figure — almost 10 times the planned deficit for 1991 — was given at a meeting of the Economic Management Committee, in effect the transitional Soviet government, Friday.

While the amount sounds enormous when converted at the official rate used in international transactions, much of it is internal deficit. Foreigners can already officially change \$1 for 32 rubles. By that reckoning, the new deficit would be only about \$6

billion. Russian Federation Prime Minister Ivan Silayev, who heads the committee, rebuked Vladimir Rayevsky, first deputy finance minister, for failing to present measures to reduce the deficit, and suggested purchases of military equipment be cut to slash

expenditures, TASS said. Mr. Silayev said workers at military plants shoud be kept on the payroll, however, to encourage them to move to civilian

**FURNISHED DELUXE APARTMENT** 

FOR RENT

Consists of three bedrooms, guest room, living room, maid

room, three bathrooms, kitchen, telephone and central

Location: Western Shmeisani, Abdul Hameed Al Nimr Street,

For information please call tel.: 664256 or 685583

**AFCO** 

Exclusive Agri Shop

Home Garden Products

Do not wait until your plants show the effects of insects,

pests and fungus growth!

Prevention is better than cure

CALL OR VISIT 829310

Souq Umm Uthainah

Jabal Amman

neating, with an area of 220 square metres.

near Bilal Mosque. The house number is 24.

Exports have plummeted this year, depriving the Soviet Union of needed hard currency to pay

for imports.

TASS said the committee ordered the Finance Ministry to prepare detailed proposals for cutting budgetary expenditure. According to the news agency, Mr. Rayevsky told the committee the 1991 deficit is now projected

at 144 billion rubles (\$240 bil-With credits from the Soviet state bank added in, the deficit will total more than 200 billion

rubles (\$333 billion), Mr. Rayevs-

ky said, according to TASS. On Friday, the committee also rejected plans presented for keeping industries supplied in 1992, saying they provided too little leeway for a market eco-nomy, TASS said.

The remaining 12 Soviet republics and three Baltic states were asked to review the plan, TASS

Committee officials are trying to find ways to preserve the disintegrating Soviet Union as a loose economic association while allowing the republic and the Baltics to realise independence.

 $I_{\mathcal{A}}$ 

### Furnished or Unfurnished Semi-Villa

American style super deluxe semi-villa. Consists of a master bedroom, two bedrooms, four bathrooms, salon, dining room, two sitting rooms, large kitchen, maid's room, laundry room, front garden, back garden with terrace. garage for two cars.

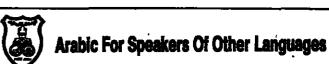
Location: Abdoun, near the new American Embassy.

#### Please call: 676666 - 677888

DR. MAHMOUD KUDAH **Dental Oral Surgeon** 

D.D.S, M.Sc.O, M.B.E.S (U.K) Senior specialist in Cons-Dentist. "Royal Medical Services," "Dental School" before, Member of the British Endodentic Society. Opening his own clinic at Prince Mohammad St., before

the 3rd Circle - over the Housing Bank. Clinic tel.: 614072 - home tel.: 897000



The Language Centre at the University of Jordan announces that the intensive course in modern standard Arabic for speakers of other languages will commence on September 22 and will last for 16

The programme is intensive and classes meet in the morning for 20 hours per week, Saturday -

Evening classes meet three days a week: Saturday, Monday, and Wednesday.

Those interested please call at the Language Centre for registration.

### CAREER **OPPORTUNITY**

A Multinational Insurance Company has an opening for a career-minded individual with the following qualifications:

Jordanian with a university degree preferably in Humanities / Social Studies / Mathematics.

Age below 35

- Excellent written and spoken English

- Preferably with medical knowledge or interest

Please mail a handwritten application with an updated CV; including a contact phone number, and a recent photograph to: UND Manager - P.O. Box 1307 - Amman-Jordan, not later than September 21.

All applications will be treated in strict confidence.

#### ONGC is India's only oil drill-Assam, also known for its tea, ing and supplying organisation. If the strike continues, oil refineries is 1,800 kilometres east of New Delhi. More than 250 people will also have to be shut, Press have been killed in Assam since the insurgency flared up two

had accepted.

"In other terms, the Algerian

government has always consi-

dered and continues to consider

that rescheduling would be in fact

the worst of the possibilities and

that this solution, which Algeria

has the means to avoid, could not

occur unless it is imposed on it."

about \$25 billion much of it short

term, and Mr. Ghozali has fre-

quently expressed concern about

the country's economic situation.

ture of the debt is "disastrous"

with the debt service ratio having

risen to 69 per cent from 18 per

a Reuter report of an interview

given by Mr. Ghozali on Algerian.

radio in which he called for the

The government also criticised

cent in 1988.

Mr. Ghozali has said the struc-

Algeria has foreign debt set at

government has denied it was

tempted to seek rescheduling of

its foreign debt and said it viewed

such a move as "the worst of

In a statement, carried by the

official Algerian news agency

APS late Friday, the cabinet de-

nied a Paris report by Renters

imputing to the Algerian gov-

ernment and particularly its prime minister (Sidahmad Ghozali) the idea 'that rescheduling

appears as the only solution to

bring the country out of the diffi-cufties in which it finds itself."

The cabinet added: "The Alge-

rian government recalls that to

bring the country out of the im-plies of the debt, it counts first and foremost on the redeploy-ment of the country's own re-

sources, and it is in this direction

Show: 12:30; 3:30, 8:30, 10:30 p.m.

possibilities" facing it.

anonymity He said the country is losing about four million cubic metres of natural gas everyday, crippling cooking gas retails and gas-based

Trust of India news agency said. The Economic Times newspap-

Algeria denies it tempted by debt rescheduling

the local people.

ALGIERS (R) — The Algerian that it has worked actively since International Monetary Fund to should follow to enable them to show more flexibility with Alger-The cabinet statement, com-

> later, he added. Mr. Ghozali said Thursday

apply to take part in exploitation of current oilfields," he told Reu-

The official, who asked not to be named, said as a first step menting on background on meetings between Algerian and IMF officials, termed, the report tendentions and said a visit by an Algerian delegation to Washington had produced conclusions that the Algerian government

Invitations to companies The Algerian state oil company Sonatrach will invite about 30 selected foreign firms next week to apply to take part in producing

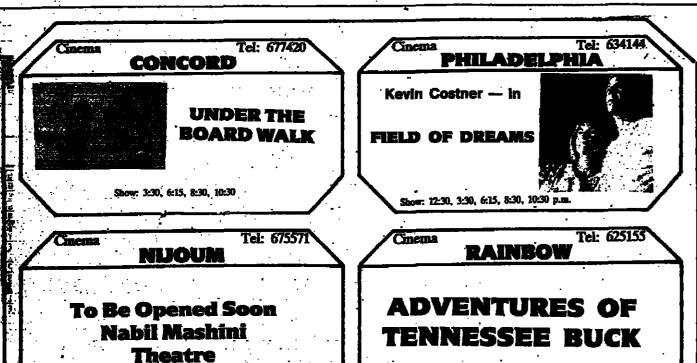
from existing oilfields, a senior company official said Saturday. This week we are going to contact (the firms) through (sending them) a number of documents to explain the procedure they

Show: 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

Sonatrach had chosen eight or nine oilfields where the level of recovery was highest, including Hassi Messaoud in the southeast, Algeria's biggest oilfield.
Other fields could be proposed

foreign firms would soon be allowed to share in exploiting existing oil and gas fields and the law would be changed to permit

"In return for the right of association, they must advance money on the basis of sharing estimated higher output," he





### Polish parliament rejects special powers bill

WARSAW (R) — Poland's Communist-dominated parliament Saturday rejected the Solidarity government's request for special powers to issue certain economic decrees with the force of law.

It voted 196 to 99 with 32 abstentions in favour of the bill, but this was short of the twothirds majority of 215 votes needed to pass the legislation.

The decision marks a defeat for the government in its efforts to push through free-market reform egislation and weakens its hand in the run-up to the first free parliamentary elections since World War II on Oct. 27.

Parliament has been wrangling over the powers for several weeks. Prime Minister Jan Krysztof Bielecki called his request "a kind of cry of despair when for five months I could not achieve anything in parliament.'

Both he and President Lech Walesa have long accused parliament of obstructing important

Government spokesman Andrzej Zarebski said before the vote: "This is not a game. In the transition period, and during the election campaign there is a real, however still potential, threat of

"One should see the initiative of the government in such a

Earlier amendments to the bill had already substantially curtailed the powers the government originally requested, limiting them to around a dozen specific

Mr. Bielecki had argued for a largely free hand in issuing economic decrees to break a logiam in legislation and in particular to pass urgent budget readjust-

But many deputies had expressed unease at granting the government even limited powers. "The result of the vote is con-

nected with the programme which could stand behind these powers," said Andrzej Bratkowski, chairman of the parliamentary commission which presented the law. "It is evidence of feelings of a lack of security," he added.

Late last month Mr. Bielecki offered to resign during the budget debate, when ex-Communist deputies demanded the government step-down for ment. He emerged with a strong vote of confidence.

Ex-communists and their allies have objected to tough spending cuts envisaged in the budget amendment and accused the government of autocratic tendencies.

This is the second blow to the government's radical economic reform programme in the past two days. On Friday parliament failed to confirm Marek Dabrowski, a monetarist candidate, as new Central Bank governor.

## **Rival South African leaders sign** peace pact as carnage continues

ca (AP) - Black and white leaders Saturday signed a peace pact to end political violence as thousands of armed Zulus demonstrated outside the confer-

Police said at least 14 people were killed overnight in black townships surrounding Johannes-

Tension soared when some 3,000 Zulus of the Inkatha Freedom Party, wearing red headbands and armed with clubs, spears and shields, appeared without warning outside the downtown hotel where the peace conference was being held.

Police and soldiers in combat gear with armoured vehicles ringed the dancing and chanting Zulus. The Zulus refused a police request to surrender their weapons, but there were no confrontations.

President F.W. de Klerk, African National Congress President Nelson Mandela, Inkatha leader Mangosuthu Buthelezi and dozens of political, religious and civic leaders signed the pact.

"I believe that today is an historic day. The eyes of all South

Mitterrand,

peace talks

PARIS (R) - French President

Francois Mitterrand and Cambo-

dia's Prince Sihanouk agreed

Saturday to hold a peace confer-

ence in Paris in six weeks to try to

end 12 years of civil war in the

Prince Sihanouk told reporters

the conference would open on

Oct. 31 — his birthday — when a ministerial agreement on a poli-

tical settlement is due to be

signed.
"We are reaching the end of

the tunnel. We can see the light,

the sun of freedom, peace and national reconciliation," he said after meeting Mr. Mitterrand at

French officials said Mr. Mit-

terrand expressed satisfaction

that conditions were at last ripe

A first Paris peace conference

failed two years ago amid squab-

government and the three guerril-

a movements, including the

Khmer Rouge, opposed to it. Prince Sihanouk said he had

worked out with French author-

ities a compromise on one of the

outstanding issues --- over which

voting system to use in elections

The guerrillas want nationwide

proportional representation,

while the government insists on a winner-take-all system based on

scheduled for 1992.

Sihanouk

agree on

**Paris** 

Asian country.

the Elysce Palace.

for a return to peace.

JOHANNESBURG, South Afri- Africans yearning for peace are upon us. We dare not fail them," Mr. De Klerk told the confer-

> But some radical white and black leaders either boycotted the meeting altogether or said they would not sign the pact because they did not believe it would

Previous peace agreements have failed, and many political leaders and observers doubt the new accord can end the violence.

The pact, arranged by church and civic leaders, is intended to end the political violence that has claimed about 6,000 lives in recent years. Political leaders on all sides agree the violence must end if a multiracial democracy is to be constructed.

The agreement attempts to end violence by setting up strict monitoring controls and outlines standards for political conduct.

The pact forbids provocative statements or actions; promotes political toleration; sets codes of conduct for political parties and the security forces; calls for reconstriction of communities hit by violence and provides for special courts to deal with political

The government and the ANC

reached a ceasefire in August 1990, and Mr. Mandela and Dr. Buthelezi agreed to peace terms in January. In both instances, the violence raged on.

Mr. Mandela, in a speech interrupted several times by applause, said the ANC, the largest black opposition group, had serious doubts about the pact, but would sign for peace. He did not spell out the ANC's reservations.

"We have accepted that in an accord of this nature compromise is absolutely essential. That there must be give and take and for that reason we have come here to sign accord," he said,

Dr. Buthelezi earlier dismissed the latest peace plan, saying he saw no reason why it would succeed where others failed.

More militant black leaders said they would not sign the peace pact because they believed the government was responsible for the violence. They said they would not cooperate with the white minority government in bodies created by the pact to end the violence.

"The accord fails sadly in iden-

tifying the causes of the vio-lence," said Pan Africanist Congress President Clarence Makwetu. "We cannot serve in apartheid structures."

Pro-apartheid white political roups, which oppose Mr. De Klerk's moves to end apartheid and share power with the black

majority, boycotted the meeting.
Andries Treumicht, leader of the pro-apartheid Conservative Party, said his followers would never submit to "black domination." He said whites would oust the De Klerk government.

"It is not an act of treason to mobilise a nation to get rid of an undemocratic government," he said in a speech Friday night.

The meeting began with the scores of delegates standing for a minute of silence as a tribute to the people who have died in the violence, and multidenominational prayers were offered for

Police said Saturday at least 14 more people were killed overnight in fighting in black townships around Johannesburg. Police spokesman Maj. Bruce Anderson said the dead were shot or hacked to death.

### Yugoslav army attacks to lift siege of barracks

army said Saturday it had attack- senior army officer after his belied Croatian forces imposing a copter was forced down Friday blockade on its barracks in the apparently were Croatia's reeastern part of the battle-torn Yugoslav republic.
The blockade imposed over-

night by Croatian forces and the swift military response sharply escalated tensions as Croatia reeled from a series of major military setbacks.

A statement from the army gave few details of the military operation, but Zagreb TV reported that the city of Vukovar had been bombed by three military jets.

Its correspondent, reporting to Zagreb Studios by telephone from the eastern Croatian city, said he could see clouds of smoke in the city. The line was then lost. The First Army District said in

a statement that the blockade left it with two choices: "The first is to abandon units in Croatia to hunger and destruction, and the other is to take decisive measures

at 1330 has a limited aim and is ly cut off from the rest of the solely defensive in character," it

The military said that its garrisons in Osijek, Slavonski Brod, Slavonska Pogeza and Vukovar had been blockaded, and that soldiers in Vukovar had received no fresh food since Aug. 25. Blockades imposed throughout

Croatia deprived federal troops of food, water and electricity. The decision to blockade bar-

ZAGREB (AP) - The federal racks and the detention of a sponse to a series of serious losses throughout the republic in recent

> Croatia, and some Western governments, accuse the army of sisting the Serb guerrillas. The military repeatedly has denied it, saying it intervenes in the ethnic fighting only to separate the two

> By seizing the strategic town of Kostajnica and closing in on the major Adriatic ports of Zadar and Sibenik, the Serbs practically cut Croatia into three parts. One Croatian guardsman was killed overnight near Sibenik, Croatian radio reported. Steel girder tank traps and oil

tankers blocked roads in the capital Zagreb, and barracks were already blockaded in the Adriatic cities of Split, Zadar and Pula, police officials said. Barricades also were erected in

we decided on the second option, because there was no other solution," the statement vac south of Zagreh said. "The action which we started Zagreb and Zadar are "practical-

> world." In an earlier statement it said it would use "all available means" to end the blockade. In the main Adriatic port Split, the local military commander threatened an air raid on the city if water and electricity supplies

were not restored to his troops, The military closed Split airport to military and civilian traf-fic.

Cuba wants parallel withdrawal

of Soviet and U.S. forces

### 'Russia alone will handle Japanese relations

MOSCOW (R) — A senior offi-cial from the Russian Federation has said that his republic, not the Soviet Union, would handle relations with Japan and settle a territorial dispute dating back to World War İL

Ruslan Khasbulatov, acting chairman of the Russian Parliament, said it was time to abandon a long-held Soviet position of viewing relations with Japan as those between wartime victor and

"Naturally what we have in mind is Russo-Japanese relations, not relations between Japan and the Soviet Union," he told the Soviet News Agency ( ... SS) after returning from Tokyo.

"Consequently, the entire spectrum of problems will be regulated within the frameworks of Russo-Japanese relations. We are taking it upon ourselves to settle the disputes and sign a

Mr. Khasbulatov said the territorial dispute over four islands occupied by the 5 riet army at the end of World War II "should be solved within the framework of preparation for the signing of a peace treaty" and the islands should be demilitarised.

Tokyo has refused to sign a peace treaty or grant substantial economic aid to the Soviet Union until the dispute over the four islands off northern Japan is re-

### Japan prepares law for peace force

**WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF** 

TOKYO (R) - Japan's ruling party is preparing to send legislation to parliament next week to pave the way to send Japanese troops overseas for the first time since World War II, newspapers said Saturday. The ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) is proceeding with plans to present a bill to parliament despite the lack of progress in talks Friday with a centrist opposition party, the newspapers reported. The Japanese cabinet expected to approve Thursday the peace-keeping operations (PKO) bill as the first step toward creating a force to contribute to United Nations peacekeeping activities. Parliament has until Oct.

4, when the current session ends, to approve the legislation. The ruling party plans to push the legislation through parliament with the backing of one centrist party, the Komeito or clean government party, the reports said. A second centrist group, the Democratic Socialist Party, dropped out of negotiations Friday after the LDP refused to include a provision in the bill requiring parliamentary approprial to send troops overseas.

#### 5 arrested in murder of Arizona monks

parliamentary approval to send troops overseas.

PHOENIX, Arizona (R) — Five men were arrested for the execution-style murders of six monks and three others in a Buddhist temple near Phoenix last month and police said the suspects were high on crack cocaine during the carnage. Maricopa County Sheriff Tom Agnos said one of the men had been charged with nine counts of murder and similar charges were pending against the other four. All five of them, he said, mistakenly believed the temple was full of valuables. Agnos told a news conference that law enforcement agencies, including the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the Drug Enforcement Administration, were seeking three other suspects in the killings at the Wat Promkunaram Buddhist temple. Six monks, a novice, a temple worker and the novice's grandmother were each killed with a single shot to the back of the head as they lay face down on the temple floor. Agnos said authorities believed they were shot one by one as each refused to say where the temple's "riches" were. He said the men mistakenly believed there was a vast hoard of valurbles and cash in the temple.

#### Liberian rebels 'invade' Sierra Leone

ABIDIAN, Ivory Coast (AP) — Liberian rebel leader Charles Taylor's forces have invaded Sierra Leone and taken control of an important border bridge, a spokesman for Mr. Taylor said. Mr. Taylor's troops advanced 8-24 kilometres into Sierra Leone to block an attack by remnants of forces loyal to slain Liberian President Samuel Doe, said Mr. Taylor spokesman Ernest Eastman Friday. Mr. Taylor has accused Sierra Leone and the United States of supporting the offensive by Mr. Doe's forces. The United States has denied involvement in the attack against Mr. Taylor's positions, and has supported Sierra Leone's charges that Mr. Taylor's fighters invaded its territory in May. Sierra Leone says Mr. Taylor is trying to force it to cut off support for a six-nation West African peacekeeping force that has blocked Mr. Taylor's advance toward the Liberian capital of Monrovia. Mr. Eastman's statement during a press conference came on the eve of a new round of Liberian peace talks scheduled to be held in Yamoussoukro, Ivory Coast. He said Mr. Taylor has no intention of holding Sierra Leone territory, but wants to set up a security zone to block further invasions.

#### Sri Lankan troops kill 10 rebels

COLOMBO (AP) - Government troops killed at least 10 ethnic Tamil rebels during a drive to destroy rebel camps in the thick northeastern jungle, military officials said Saturday. The offensive launched on Aug. 29 is the government's biggest since the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam began their separatist war in 1983. Some 410 guerrillas and 41 soldiers have been killed in the past two weeks. After the fighting Friday, the government said its troops were poised to attack a rebel camp in the northeastern Mullitivu district of this island nation off the southern coast of India. Troops last month reportedly overran a guerrilla training centre, and the military says there are at least 10 more camps in the jungles, about 200 kilometres northeast of Colombo. The rebels retreated into the jungle after they lost a major battle last month at Elephant Pass further north

#### **Bush steps up support for Thomas**

WASHINGTON (R) - President George Bush is stepping up his efforts to win confirmation for Clarence Thomas as a Supreme Court justice as the nominee nears the end of his testimony before the Senate Judiciary Committee. A high-tech glitch foiled Mr. Bush's efforts to broadcast via satellite a video press release in support of Mr. Thomas and Robert Gates, his nominee to head the Central Intelligence Agency. When the broadcast on the Teistar satellite network failed, the White House released Mr. Bush's statement the old-fashioned way — on video tape. "Now the nation knows what I know — Clarence Thomas is a magnificent American," Mr. Bush said the brief statement as Thomas finished his fourth day of questioning by committee members. "The hearings have revealed his warmth, his grace, his intellectual vitality." "This is no time for special interests to block this important appointment," Mr. Bush added. "As the Senate continues its deliberations, I am confident it will agree that Judge Thomas is the right man for the Supreme Court,"

#### Downed plane 'was missing key screws'

HOUSTON (R) - Aircraft mechanics apparently failed to replace 43 screws on the horizontal stabiliser of a Continental Airlines commuter plane the night before it crashed into a Texas cornfield, investigators said Friday. National Transportation Safety Board chairman James Kolstad refused to blame the maintenance crew for the crash that killed all 14 people aboard. but said that the plane should not have been flying. "Obviously the plane should not have left the hangar without the screws," he told a news conference Friday night in Columbus, Texas, about 120 kilometres west of Houston. On Sept. 11, mechanics were supposed to replace a rubberised de-icer that is part of the plane's horizontal stabiliser on the tailwing, Mr. Kolstad said.

#### Typhoon Kinna kilis 6 in Japan

TOKYO (R) - Typhoon Kinna swept southern Japan with heavy rain and strong winds Saturday, killing at least six people and injuring 22, police said. The typhoon capsized boats, wrecked houses and disrupted electricity supplies. Travellers camped at railway stations and airports as services were cancelled. Japanese Airlines cancelled 37 flights from Tokyo's domestic Haneda Airport, an airport spokeswoman said. Flights from the international airport, Narita, were not disrupted, a spokesman said Waves up to eight metres high overturned a small fishing boat carrying four people off the southern island of Okinawa Friday. One person was killed, one reached the shore and two were still missing, the Maritime Safety Agency said. The typhoon also killed a woman when her barn collapsed, two people died when their houses fell in and two were killed by flying debris. The Meteorological Agency said Kinna was heading northeast at 50 koh and was forecast to move out into the Pacific Ocean Sunday.

### White House backs B-2 Stealth bomber

WASHINGTON (R) - The White House has expressed confidence in the troubled B-2 Stealth bomber despite the aircraft's failure of a key radar-evasion test. "Obviously, we think the B-2 is a good plane, it's a good project," White House spokesman Martin Fitzwater told reporters when asked to comment on a Defence Department announcement that the aircraft failed a key test in California on July 26. Pentagon spokesman Pete Williams said Thursday that a B-2 test plane had failed to meet strict standards of low-observability to radar detection and the problem had been reported to Defence Secretary Dick Cheney and

#### Soviet film wins Golden Lion Award at Venice

VENICE (AP) — The Soviet files

Urga, about a shepherd'h trip through Mongolia in search of contraceptives to obey China's birth control law, won the Gol-den Lion Award Santóny at the Venice Film Festival. Nikita Michalkov, known for his prizewinning Oci Ciorne (Black Éyes). filmed Urga in Mongolia using non-professional actors speaking Russian, Chinese and Mongotias, Michalkov said he chose the topic "because people in Rustia age now too busy dealing with the past." The film's title refers to a lasso that also is used as a symbol to be buried in front of a tent where a couple is making love. Portugal's veteran director Manuel De Oliveira won the jury's special prize for his "Di-vina Comedia," set in an insane asylum, where demented patients question Western values. The jury divided the Silver Lion Prize among three films — American Director Terry Gilliam's The Fisher King, J'Entends Plus La Guitare (I Can't Hear the Guitar) by Philippe Garrel of France, and Red Lantern by China's Zhang Yimou. The jury also awarded a Golden Lion for career achievement to actor Gian Maria Volonte, the star of Una Storia Semplice, (A Simply Story). The film by Emidio Greco recounted the story of a drug-trafficking police chief investigating himself.

#### Chinese stamp collection fetches \$3.7 million

LONDON (AP) --- One of the world's great collections of Chinese stamps, assembled by Maj. James Starr of Philadelphia, was finally dispersed after a three-day sale which realised £2,201,463 (\$3.74 million). The total more than doubled the best pre-sale estimate. "All the 993 lots were sold which is most unusual in any sale of anything," said auctioneer Richard Ashton as the bidders and onlookers departed from Sotheby's main anetion room in Bond Street. Most were from Hong Kong, Taiwan and Singapore. A large photograph of Maj. Starr in his U.S. cavalry full-dress uniform stood near the rostrum. He was a mining engineer who served in Puerto Rico in the Spanish-American war of 1898 and died in 1948 at see 77. The 24 black volumes which originally held his stamps were behind the rostrum. They had remained in a Philadelphia bank vault since his death until onwrapped last year. The auction house titled the sale catalogue "Hidden Treasures." The stamps, many of them famous rarities and some unique, were sold by Maj. Starr's only grand-child, retired teacher Daniel Blaim Jr., who remained at his home in Nova Scotia, Canada.

...

#### Navratilova wants ex-lover to drop any plans for book

FORT WORTH, Texas (R) -

Tennis star Martina Navratilova

has said she would not agree to pay palimony to her former livein lover Judy Nelson unless Ms. Nelson drops plans to write a book about their affair, "Basically I'm tired and disappointed that the only way she seems capable of making a living is somebow through me," Ms. Navratilova said at the conclusion of an emotion-laden four-day court hearing on a palimony lawsnit filed by Ms. Nelson. Both women displayed flashes of temper during the hearing and each burst into tears several times. Ms. Navratilova stormed out of court Thursday, angrily slamming a door after a brief private meeting with Ms. Nelson, a 45-year-old divorced mother of two. She said the case could have been settled out-of-court if Ms. Nelson had agreed not to write a book. "The reason I stormed out of there and the reason the case is not settled is because Judy insists on having the rights to write about our story, or her story, rather," said the 34-yer-old nine-time Wimbledon singles champion. "Generally speaking, when you do divorce settlements or whatever, part of the settlement is that there will be no further publicity regarding the matter." But Ms. Nelson said privacy was not the issue. "For me it goes much deeper than that," she said. "It's an American right, my freedom of speech." That relationship was very spe-cial, very good, very healthy." Ms. Nelson said of the affair that began when she met Ms. Navrablova at a Fort Worth tournament in 1984. "She is a very special person in my life."

### constituencies. Democrats spice campaign with anti-Bush rhetoric

WASHINGTON (R) — A sud- Americans against another." den influx of Democratic contenders in the U.S. presidential race ders in the U.S. presentation is heating up the campaign rhetoric aimed at Republican President George Bush substituting. Just weeks ago, Democrats

feared there would be a shortage of candidates to challenge the highly popular Bush.
Now, as many as seven Democrats have either declared their candidacy or may soon do so, and some are stepping up their attacks on Mr. Bush.

Less than five months remain until the primary season begins with party preference votes in Iowa on Feb. 10 and a primary election in New Hampshire the

following week. The party votes, known as cau-cases, and the primaries, which are more like regular popular elec-tions, will select delegates to the Democrats' national presidential nominating convention in New York in July.

When Virginia Governor Douglas Wilder launched his candidacy Friday, he did so with particularly harsh words for the president's handling of a fight in Congress over civil rights legislation designed to make it easier for blacks and others to fight job

"When was the last time we had a president of the United 'States who went out of his way to raise the phony and divisive issue of racial quotas in hopes of turning back the clock of civil rights?" cheering supporters.

only result in pitting one group of Congress.

National Democratic Chairman Ron Brown hailed Mr. Wilder's entry into the race with his

tutes photo ops (opportunities) for presidential leadership, Democrats will continue to work on our nation's most pressing problems with real action," Mr. Brown said.

On Sunday, criticism is likely to mount again when one of Congress's most fiery orators Senator Tom Harkin of Iowa.

touring the country to drum up support for his candidacy, usually refers to Mr. Bush sarcastically by his full name, "George Herbert Walker Bush." Mr. Harkin says he is trying to

contrast Mr. Bush's Connecticut millionaire background and privileged origins with his own populist ideology and humble benings in Iowa. Mr. Bush is not taking all this

lying down. Addressing a rally in Philadelphia Thursday, he attacked a favourite target, the Democratic-

controlled Congress. "Congress seems inert." Mr. Bush said. "They go after me on 'no domestic agenda' and yet... their domestic agenda is to attack

my domestic agenda," Acknowledging his interest in foregin affairs, he added in a reference to the Gulf war that there was "something wrong Mr. Wilder, who is black, asked when we can push the foreign forces out of Kuwait, but we can't "Instead of healing leadership, even get our domestic programhe offers divisive rhetoric that can mes through the United States

HAVANA (R) — Communist-ruled Cuba said Saturday a Soviet has called for a U.S. withdrawal taneous withdrawal of U.S. tor Fulgencio Batista.

a surprise announcement mock invasions of the island. Wednesday of talks to withdraw 11,000 Soviet troops from Cuba.

"The unilateral, unconditional decision by the Soviet Union, made without consultation, to withdraw its military contingent, is equivalent to a green light to the United States to carry out its aggressive plans against Cuba," it said in a statement.

Cuba wanted to negotiate a simultaneous withdrawal of the Soviet military contingent and of U.S. forces occupying the Guantanamo Naval Base in eastern Cuba, the statement, published by the Cuban Communist Party newspaper Granma, said.

"It would be immoral and unustifiable to accept... that a Yankee base and its forces of aggression should remain on Cuban territory while the Soviet military unit withdraws," it

The U.S. has several hundred military personnel, including a reinforced Marine company, at the Guantanamo Bay Naval Base

Cuban President Fidel Castro troop pullout from Cuban soil from Guantanamo almost since would leave it open to U.S. he took power in a 1959 revoluattack and it demanded a simul- tion that toppled right-wing dicta-

forces stationed at a naval base Cuba said in the statement it was ready to sign an accord on Signalling a widening rift with the withdrawals guaranteed by its long-standing superpower ally, the United Nations which should the Cuban government bitterly include confidence-building meareproached Soviet President sures such as an end to U.S. Mikhail Gorbachev for 'making military manoeuvres simulating

The row over the Soviet troop pullout was the clearest sign yet that the 30-year-old Cuban-Soviet partnership, long a thorn in the side of the United States, was finally weakening.

Cuba's government said U.S. President George Bush was rubbing his hands with glee in the. belief that Cuba had been abandoned to its fate by its long-time ally, the Soviet Union. The statement expressed deep

Cuban anger and disappointment at the planned Soviet troop with-It said the Soviet military contingent in Cuba was a combat-

"Its strength is not numerically significant for Cuba's military defence but it did have a deep significance as an expression of (Soviet) friendship and solidarity in the face of U.S. threats," the Cuban statement said.

ready and fully-equipped training brigade which had been there since the end of the October 1962 missile crisis.

It made clear Cuba felt the Cuba's southeast coast about Soviet Union, its political mentor 1,000 kilometres from Havana. and main economic supplier, had ist system.

caved in to U.S. demands. 'It's clear talks were held and

concessions were made to the United States about Cuba, acceding to U.S. demands, without a single word being discussed with our country," the statement said. It recalled that Moscow had also not bothered to consult Cuba when it agreed with Washington in 1962 to withdraw its nuclear missiles from the island after a stand-off that brought the world to the brink of nuclear war. This had been a "painful and un-forgettable" experience for Cuba, the statement said.

The Cuban government criticised as "extremely modest" calls made by Soviet Foreign Minister Boris Pankin Friday for U.S. concessions to accompany the Soviet troop withdrawal from

Mr. Pankin sought an arms reduction at the U.S. base at Guantanamo, a reduction in the number of U.S. ships calling there and prior warning of any U.S. military manoeuvres. Cuba said there was no guaran-

tee the United States would abide by this, "especially now it feels like the owner of the world." The statement went on that Cubans would have to make "really heroic and superhuman efforts" to face the hardships

ing position of the Soviet Union. Increasing disruption to Soviet supplies has already worsened shortages on the island but Mr. Castro has said Cuba will never abandon its one-party Commun-

likely to be caused by the chang-